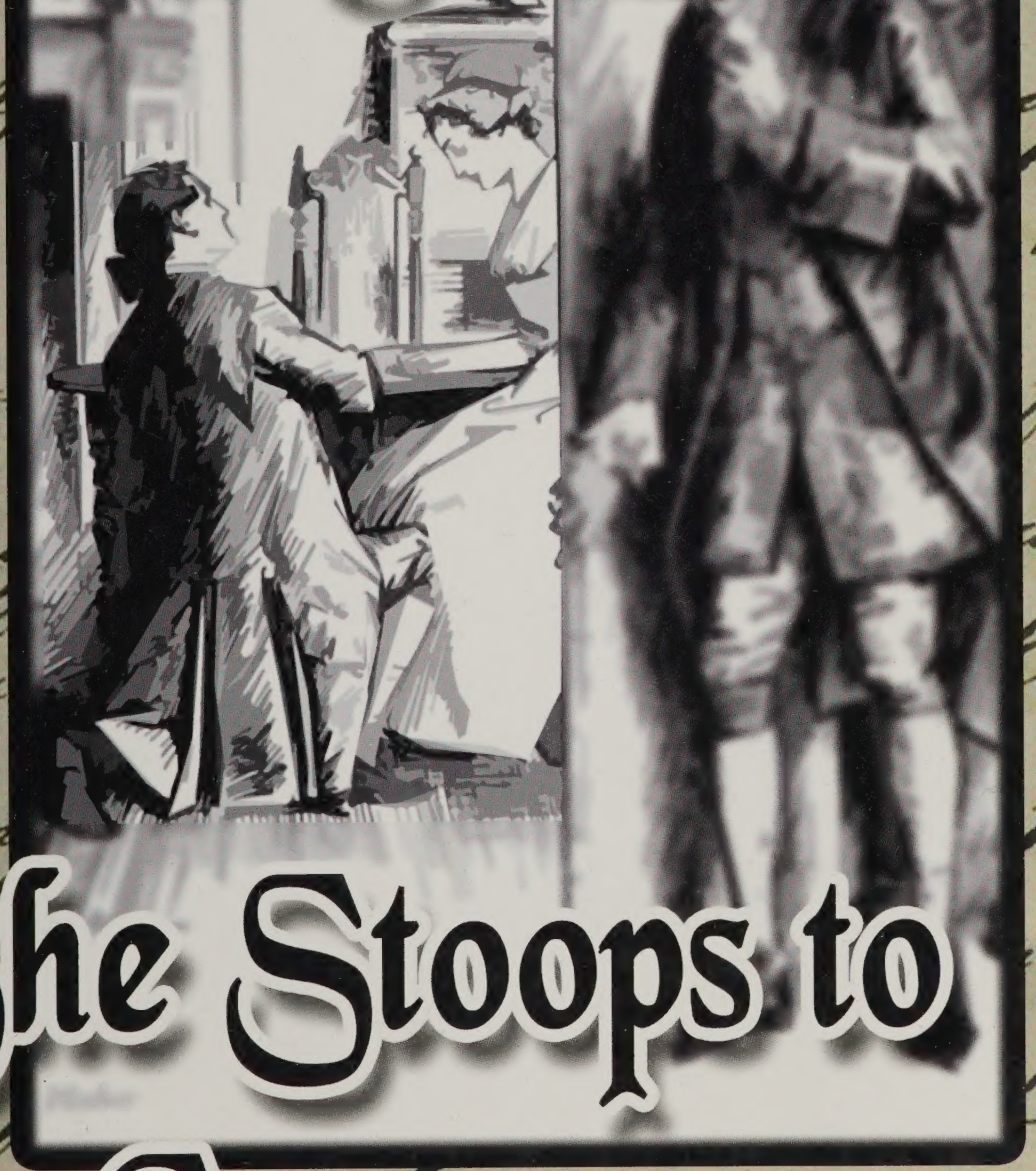



Oliver Goldsmith



She Stoops to
Conquer



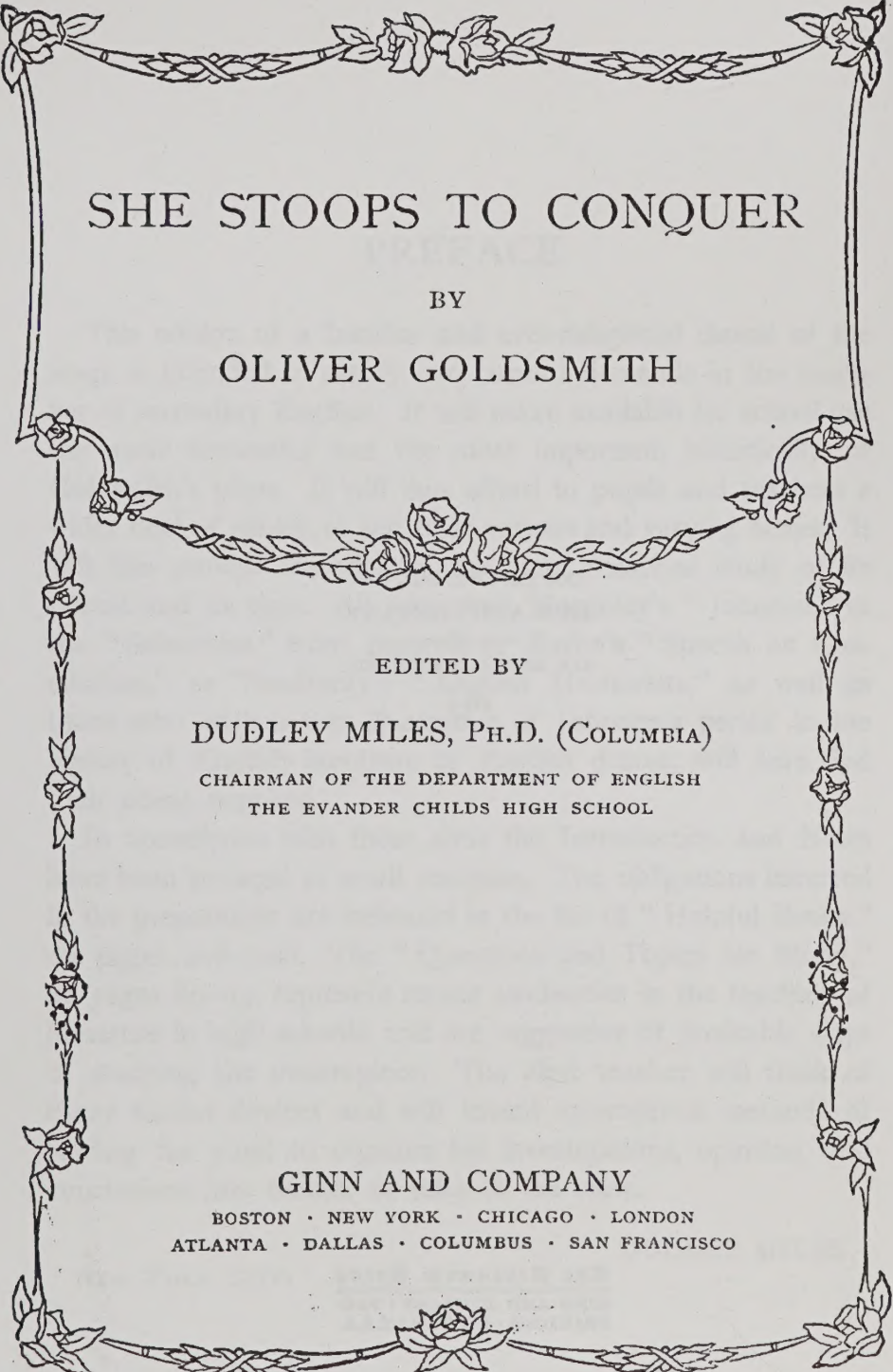
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"Dressed out as usual, my Kate"

(See page 8)



SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER

BY

OLIVER GOLDSMITH

EDITED BY

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PREFACE

This edition of a familiar and ever-delightful classic of the stage is intended to satisfy two current demands in the teaching of secondary English. It will make available for school use the most successful and the most important, historically, of Goldsmith's plays. It will thus afford to pupils and teachers a wider field of choice, to suit their various and varying tastes. It will also provide material for the more reasoned study of its period and its type. All who read Macaulay's "Johnson," or the "Selections" from Boswell, or Burke's "Speech on Conciliation," or Thackeray's "English Humorists," as well as those who wish a text illustrative of Johnson's period in the history of English literature or English drama, will here find their needs supplied.

In accordance with these aims the Introduction and Notes have been reduced to small compass. The obligations incurred in the preparation are indicated in the list of "Helpful Books" on pages xvii-xviii. The "Questions and Topics for Study," on pages 89-93, represent recent tendencies in the teaching of literature in high schools, and are suggestive of profitable ways of studying the masterpiece. The alert teacher will think of many similar devices and will invent appropriate methods of leading the pupil to organize his investigations, opinions, and conclusions into themes or talks to the class.

NEW YORK CITY

DUDLEY MILES

INTRODUCTION

I. LIFE OF GOLDSMITH

Oliver Goldsmith, one of the most delightful figures in English literature, was born in the middle of Ireland, November 10, 1728. His father, Reverend Charles Goldsmith, was at the time living in a tumble-down farmhouse at Pallas, or Pallasmore, near Ballymahon, in the county of Longford. There he farmed a few fields and assisted the Reverend Mr. Green, rector at Kilkenny West. When little Oliver was two his father succeeded Mr. Green as rector and moved to Lissoy, a little village on the road from Ballymahon to Athlone. Looking back through the idealizing mist of years, Oliver at forty-two described in "The Deserted Village" the quiet rural surroundings of his childhood. The kindly hospitality of his father is suggested by the picture of the village preacher. The schoolmaster in the poem was probably a reminiscence of Thomas Byrne, who had been a soldier in Spain and had wonderful stories to recount of pirates, robbers, and smugglers, of ghosts and banshees and the fairy lore of Ireland.

These romantic days were interrupted by a violent attack of smallpox, which left Oliver so pitted that one of his relatives told him he had "become a fright." Naturally sensitive, he suffered thereafter many hours from fancied contempt. Indeed, though his family thought him bright, his schoolfellows regarded him as "a stupid, heavy blockhead, little better than a fool, whom everyone made fun of." But he was remarkably active and athletic, and was fond of ball-playing, which he practiced whenever he could. In those far-off days a boy studied

little but Latin. Oliver hated Cicero as much as some modern pupils do, but he liked authors now seldom read till one gets to college — Ovid and Horace and Livy and Tacitus.

The best-known story of his youth relates to his fifteenth year. He was at the time attending school at Edgeworthstown, some fifteen miles from home. Setting out after his last vacation, on a borrowed mount, with unexpected wealth in his pocket in the shape of a guinea given him by a friend, he rode so slowly that at nightfall he was little more than halfway to his destination. Nothing pleased his boyish fancy better than to put up at an inn like a gentleman. With much importance he asked where he could find "the best house" in the neighborhood. He happened to address the confirmed practical joker of the place, who, amused by his youthful swagger, gravely directed him to the mansion of the squire, Mr. Featherston. To the squire's Oliver accordingly went, called loudly for someone to take his horse, and was ushered into the presence of the supposed landlord and his family. He ordered supper, invited his host to share a bottle of wine with him, and before going to bed left directions for a hot cake for his breakfast. The squire, who knew something of the lad's father, acted out his part perfectly. It was not till Oliver was leaving the next morning that he learned that he had been entertained in a private house. Thus early was he preparing for the production of "She Stoops to Conquer."

The family wanted Oliver to go to college — to Trinity College, Dublin. He was to go as a poor scholar, a sizar, with free lodgings in the college garrets and free board from the leavings of the commons table. But he had to wear for these favors a distinctive costume and to discharge certain menial duties. To a youth so sensitive as Oliver these circumstances were very humiliating. He fought against going to college at all until his uncle Contarine, who had passed through the same ordeal, at

length persuaded him to yield. He did not do at all well at Trinity, where he remained from June, 1744, to February, 1749. He hated mathematics and logic, and got into several college scrapes. Once he even tried to run away to America. He made a reputation chiefly for playing the German flute and for writing ballads at five shillings apiece, to be sung in the street by wandering minstrels.

On returning home he led an aimless existence, visiting one relative after another. He must have presided often at convivial meetings at the inn at Ballymahon, where he probably sang drinking songs like that put into the mouth of Tony Lumpkin in the first act of "She Stoops to Conquer." He was rejected for ordination as a clergyman. He squandered his slender funds when he tried again to reach America. His uncle Contarine gave him fifty pounds to study law in London, but he soon returned penniless because he lost all to a sharper in Dublin. In 1752 his uncle once more sent him forth, this time to Edinburgh to study medicine. He arrived safely, but after engaging a lodging he set out to see the city without noting the locality of his new abode. If he had not run across the porter who had carried his baggage, he might never have begun his studies. After two years he journeyed to Leyden, where famous lecturers were to be found. Thence he wandered afoot through Flanders, France, Germany, Switzerland, and Italy. The account of George Primrose in "The Vicar of Wakefield" shows how he supported himself by his flute; and "The Traveller," which he published nine years later, in 1764, was sketched at this time and sent to his brother Henry in Ireland. In 1756, at the age of twenty-seven, he landed at Dover with only a few halfpence in his pocket.

During some years spent in and about London he was in sore straits. He served as apothecary's assistant, as physician, as proofreader, as usher in a "classical academy," and at length

as assistant in the shop of a magazine proprietor. Thus by accident he entered the literary career which was to make him one of the best-loved writers of our English tongue. But to the end of his life he remained in bondage to the publishers, or booksellers, as they were then called. He would run in debt to them and as a result would have to complete many pieces of hack work to meet his obligations. In the midst of these toilsome years, however, he made the acquaintance of the most distinguished men of his age: Dr. Johnson, the great literary dictator of his day; David Garrick, the foremost actor of the century; Edmund Burke, the political philosopher and statesman; Sir Joshua Reynolds, the celebrated painter; Edward Gibbon, the historian of the Roman Empire; and others now not so well known. Indeed, he was so eminent that he became one of the original members of the famous "Club" which included all these men. Many of them you will find sketched to the life in his poem "Retaliation," published in the year of his death.

He found time, too, to compose those works which have won him friends in three centuries and spread his fame throughout the civilized world. "The Traveller," a poem based upon his wanderings on the Continent, which appeared in 1764, was an immediate success. "The Vicar of Wakefield" (1766), a novel, embodies not merely his own early experiences, but chiefly memories of the family group of his childhood, "all equally generous, credulous, simple, and inoffensive." On January 29, 1768, his first comedy, "The Good-Natured Man," was brought out at the Covent Garden Theater. From the benefit nights he received four hundred pounds, and from the sale of the play in book form, another hundred. This prosperity was too much for Goldsmith, who moved into expensive apartments, which he furnished elegantly. He had great difficulty in making his income equal the demands of this style of life. In fact, he went deeper into debt each year. "The Deserted Village," a poem

inspired, as we have seen, by his childhood home, was published in 1770. The charm of its characters and the tender melancholy of the recital have made it the favorite of Goldsmith's works, but in his own day "The Traveller" was better liked. On March 15, 1773, "She Stoops to Conquer" was triumphantly presented at Covent Garden.

Little more than a year later, April 4, 1774, he died of a nervous fever, which he had made worse by taking a patent medicine. He was only forty-six and was at the height of his achievement as a writer. As Dr. Johnson, who perhaps knew him better than did any other of his friends, wrote in a letter: "Let not his frailties be remembered; he was a very great man."

II. "SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER"

Although Goldsmith was a famous man and a successful playwright when he wrote "She Stoops to Conquer," he had to wait a long time for it to be produced. That was partly owing to the fact that during his life in London only two regular theaters were permitted by law. At each house a permanent stock company presented a large number of different plays, most of them old, such as those of Shakespeare, Ben Jonson, Congreve, and Rowe. The chief interest of the audiences was not so much in the story of the piece as in the characters and, above all, in the acting. Consequently a fresh company was not organized for each production, with the expectation that it would run for six months or a year. On the contrary, for a new play to hold the boards nine nights was a proof of great popularity, and for it to remain in the repertory year after year was rare success. Of the two theaters the more famous was Drury Lane, whose manager was Garrick, the greatest actor of his time and probably in the history of the English stage. He was a member of the "Club" with Goldsmith, but they were not always on the

III. ITS POSITION IN ENGLISH COMEDY

Probably the chief reason why Colman was so thoroughly convinced that "She Stoops to Conquer" would fail is that it differed in its purpose and its atmosphere from the kind of play by contemporary authors that audiences were accustomed to at the time; that is, it was not a sentimental comedy.

This particular kind of drama arose amid the last scintillating fireworks of the Restoration period. Many people in those years muttered at the immorality of the stage, but playwrights found it much easier and safer to write in the prevailing style. However, Colley Cibber's "Love's Last Shift" (1696), though like the rest in its language, was not only more moral in its plot but had as its strongest scene a pathetic situation. It met with conspicuous success. Steele wrote "The Lying Lover" (1703) with the avowed purpose of presenting a story that should have a good moral, and as a means thereto made the whole play lead up to a very emotional scene between father and son. By Goldsmith's day this kind of comedy had become dominant. The managers would hardly consider any other variety, and playwrights made little effort to provide the older and merrier sort.

A good example is Hugh Kelly's "False Delicacy," which Garrick presented just before Colman produced Goldsmith's "The Good-Natured Man" in 1768. There are two stories in the play. In the minor one Sir Harry persuades Miss Rivers to elope with him, because her father has arranged for her to marry a man she does not love. Her father, instead of getting angry, is deeply grieved to learn of her intended deception, and sorrowfully hands over her fortune to her as she is about to step into the coach. She is "pierced to the very soul" by this generosity, and by the sincerity of her repentance wins his consent to marry Sir Harry. The main plot is equally serious and much more absurd. Lord Winworth has been often refused by Lady Betty

for no reason at all, since she truly loves him. He at length gives up, but asks her to induce her friend and dependent, Miss Marchmont, to marry him. Lady Betty feels constrained to carry out the request, and Miss Marchmont, though she loves another, feels constrained to accept because of gratitude to Lady Betty. Only some sensible friends extricate them from the ridiculous situation, so that the right people are paired off at the fall of the curtain.

The play contains some amusing scenes, to be sure, but obviously there is little occasion for that hearty laughter which the word "comedy" implies. In fact, the whole spirit of the play, leading up frequently to serious or tearful situations, is directly opposed to the gentle or biting ridicule which comedy employs. In the second place, the characters are very "genteel." People at the time were endeavoring with all their might not to be vulgar. It was the age of Chesterfield's letters. Characters not in "society" were considered "low." Goldsmith had actually to omit after the first performance a scene in his "Good-Natured Man," because two bailiffs in it talked in a vulgar and impertinent fashion. In the third place, the characters of "False Delicacy" are not only highly respectable, but they are always uttering the most proper sentiments. Miss Rivers has this to say about herself: "An elopement even from a tyrannical father has something in it which must shock a delicate mind. But when a woman flies from the protection of a parent who merits the utmost return of her affection, she must be insensible indeed if she does not feel the sincerest regret." At the end of the play her father steps forward to assure the audience: "But the principal moral to be drawn from the transactions to-day is that those who generously labor for the happiness of others will sooner or later arrive at happiness themselves."

Now it was against this kind of play that Goldsmith protested in "She Stoops to Conquer." He not only led none of his characters into pathetic situations, but placed several of them,

the lovers as well as Mrs. Hardcastle, in positions highly ludicrous. Some of the characters were regarded as very "low": the servants, like honest Diggory, are not the sly intriguers of fashionable life; the leading personage is a country bumpkin. Moreover, Goldsmith does not try to make drama "a school of morality"; he is content if he can arouse natural and genuine laughter. There is no moralizing by his characters.

It is usually said that Goldsmith and Sheridan drove sentimental comedy from the theater. Now "She Stoops to Conquer" seems not to have had an immediate or lasting influence in bringing "laughing comedy" into fashion, but the brilliant wit of Sheridan, who was inspired by Goldsmith, did lead to changes in the practice of playwrights. They were more careful thereafter to intersperse comical scenes with the sentimental, they did introduce more often some ridiculous character, and they did discontinue the habit of moralizing on all occasions. There is, however, another way of looking at sentimental comedy, in which "She Stoops to Conquer" and Sheridan's "The Rivals" are themselves sentimental. We may consider, not the purpose of the author, but his outlook on the world. We may find that he idealizes common life, that he thinks of men as naturally good, and that he believes that those who have been led astray may be reclaimed by an appeal to the emotions. That way of regarding mankind grew steadily through the eighteenth century and is probably stronger to-day than ever before. It gained immense vogue in the middle of that century in the novels of Richardson (as in "Pamela" and "Clarissa Harlowe") and of his followers (as in Sterne's "Sentimental Journey"). It dominated the drama; even in "She Stoops to Conquer," avowedly a protest, there is a kindly spirit. Goldsmith does not deride even Mrs. Hardcastle. We laugh *with* Tony Lumpkin rather than *at* him. In this sense English comedy has remained largely sentimental to this day.

HELPFUL BOOKS

"The Poems and Plays of Oliver Goldsmith." E. P. Dutton and Company, New York. This volume in Everyman's Library has an introduction by Austin Dobson, who has studied Goldsmith for years; it contains all of Goldsmith's charming poetry and "The Good-Natured Man" in addition to the present play.

"The Works of Oliver Goldsmith," edited by Peter Cunningham. Harper & Brothers, New York. This edition in twelve volumes, with plates and portraits, contains everything in prose and verse that is worth preserving.

The following three volumes will each give you not only a clear notion of the quaint costumes of that age but also a better idea of the characters in the play.

'She Stoops to Conquer," illustrated by E. A. Abbey. Harper & Brothers, New York.

"She Stoops to Conquer," illustrated by F. S. Coburn. G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York.

"She Stoops to Conquer," illustrated by Hugh Thomson. George H. Doran Company, New York.

"Goldsmith," by William Black. Harper & Brothers, New York. This life in the English Men of Letters Series does not make an idol of Goldsmith, but it does offer a good deal of common-sense criticism.

"Life of Oliver Goldsmith," by Austin Dobson. Walter Scott, London. This volume in the Great Writers Series gives a very pleasant narrative of the author's career, by one who knows him thoroughly.

"Life of Oliver Goldsmith," by Washington Irving. Ginn and Company, Boston. Our American author was enough like Goldsmith to give a quite sympathetic picture of him. You will find the biography very interesting.

"Life and Adventures of Oliver Goldsmith. A Biography," by John Forster. There are several editions of this, the completest of the lives. It is a very enthusiastic account.

"The Jessamy Bride," by Frank Frankfort Moore. This novel with Goldsmith as the central figure has appeared in numerous editions.

The story opens shortly before the production of "She Stoops to Conquer," and gives a very good notion of the times and the circle in which the author lived.

- "The English Humorists of the Eighteenth Century," by William Makepeace Thackeray. Ginn and Company, Boston. On pages 226-248 you will find a very charming account of Goldsmith, which will show you how lovable the man was.
- "Life of Samuel Johnson," by James Boswell. Of the many editions of this greatest biography in our language, find one with a full index and look up all the passages referring to Goldsmith. It is like living with Goldsmith, and with Johnson too.
- "English Drama of the Restoration and Eighteenth Century," by George Henry Nettleton. The Macmillan Company, New York. This history tells you everything you will wish to know about the drama in the days of Goldsmith.
- "The Drama of Sensibility," by Ernest Bernbaum. Ginn and Company, Boston. If you wish to go thoroughly into the sentimental movement in eighteenth-century drama, this study will give you a penetrating and unconventional view.

SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER

OR

THE MISTAKES OF A NIGHT

DEDICATION

TO SAMUEL JOHNSON, LL. D.

DEAR SIR,

By inscribing this slight performance to you, I do not mean so much to compliment you as myself. It may do me some honor to inform the public, that I have lived many years in intimacy with you. It may serve the interests of mankind also to inform them, that the greatest wit may be found in a character, without impairing the most unaffected piety.

I have, particularly, reason to thank you for your partiality to this performance. The undertaking a comedy, not merely sentimental, was very dangerous; and Mr. Colman, who saw this piece in its various stages, always thought it so. However, I ventured to trust it to the public; and, though it was necessarily delayed till late in the season, I have every reason to be grateful.

I am, dear sir,

Your most sincere friend

And admirer,

OLIVER GOLDSMITH

PROLOGUE

BY DAVID GARRICK, ESQ.

Enter MR. WOODWARD, dressed in black, and holding a handkerchief to his eyes

Excuse me, sirs, I pray — I can't yet speak —
I'm crying now — and have been all the week !
" 'T is not alone this mourning suit," good masters ;
" I 've that within " — for which there are no plasters !
Pray would you know the reason why I'm crying ?
The Comic Muse, long sick, is now a-dying !
And if she goes, my tears will never stop ;
For, as a player, I can't squeeze out one drop ;
I am undone, that 's all — shall lose my bread —
I'd rather, but that 's nothing — lose my head.
When the sweet maid is laid upon the bier,
Shuter and I shall be chief mourners here.
To her a mawkish drab of spurious breed,
Who deals in sentimentals, will succeed.
Poor Ned and I are dead to all intents ;
We can as soon speak Greek as sentiments !
Both nervous grown, to keep our spirits up,
We now and then take down a hearty cup.
What shall we do ? If Comedy forsake us,
They 'll turn us out, and no one else will take us.
But why can't I be moral ? — Let me try :
My heart thus pressing — fix'd my face and eye —
With a sententious look, that nothing means
(Faces are blocks in sentimental scenes),

Thus I begin — " All is not gold that glitters,
Pleasure seems sweet, but proves a glass of bitters.
When Ignorance enters, Folly is at hand ;
Learning is better far than house and land.
Let not your virtue trip ; who trips may stumble,
And virtue is not virtue, if she tumble."

I give it up — morals won't do for me ;
To make you laugh, I must play tragedy.
One hope remains, — hearing the maid was ill,
A Doctor comes this night to show his skill.
To cheer her heart, and give your muscles motion,
He, in Five Draughts prepared, presents a potion :
A kind of magic charm ; for, be assured,
If you will swallow it, the maid is cured :
But desperate the Doctor, and her case is,
If you reject the dose, and make wry faces.
This truth he boasts, will boast it while he lives,
No poisonous drugs are mixed in what he gives.
Should he succeed, you 'll give him his degree ;
If not, within he will receive no fee !
The college you, must his pretensions back,
Pronounce him Regular, or dub him Quack.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ

SIR CHARLES MARLOW
YOUNG MARLOW (his son)
HARDCASTLE
HASTINGS
TONY LUMPKIN
DIGGER

MRS. HARDCASTLE
MISS HARDCASTLE
MISS NEVILLE
MAID

LANDLORD, SERVANTS, &c.

SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER

OR

THE MISTAKES OF A NIGHT

ACT THE FIRST

SCENE I. *A Chamber in an old-fashioned house*

Enter MRS. HARDCASTLE and MR. HARDCASTLE

MRS. HARDCASTLE. I vow, Mr. Hardcastle, you're very particular. Is there a creature in the whole country but ourselves that does not take a trip to town now and then, to rub off the rust a little? There's the two Miss Hoggs, and our neighbor Mrs. Grigsby, go to take a month's polishing every winter. 5

HARDCASTLE. Ay, and bring back vanity and affectation to last them the whole year. I wonder why London cannot keep its own fools at home. In my time, the follies of the town crept slowly among us, but now they travel faster than a stage-coach. Its fopperies come down not only as inside passengers, 10 but in the very basket.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Ay, your times were fine times indeed; you have been telling us of them for many a long year. Here we live in an old rumbling mansion, that looks for all the world like an inn, but that we never see company. Our best visitors 15 are old Mrs. Oddfish, the curate's wife, and little Cripplegate, the lame dancing master; and all our entertainment your old stories of Prince Eugene and the Duke of Marlborough. I hate such old-fashioned trumpery.

HARDCASTLE. And I love it. I love everything that's old: old friends, old times, old manners, old books, old wine; and, I believe, Dorothy, [*taking her hand*] you'll own I have been pretty fond of an old wife.

5 MRS. HARDCASTLE. Lord, Mr. Hardcastle, you're forever at your Dorothys and your old wives. You may be a Darby, but I'll be no Joan, I promise you. I'm not so old as you'd make me by more than one good year. Add twenty to twenty and make money of that.

10 HARDCASTLE. Let me see; twenty added to twenty—makes just fifty and seven!

MRS. HARDCASTLE. It's false, Mr. Hardcastle; I was but twenty when I was brought to bed of Tony, that I had by Mr. Lumpkin, my first husband; and he's not come to years
15 of discretion yet.

HARDCASTLE. Nor ever will, I dare answer for him. Ay you have taught him finely!

MRS. HARDCASTLE. No matter. Tony Lumpkin has a good fortune. My son is not to live by his learning. I don't think a
20 boy wants much learning to spend fifteen hundred a year.

HARDCASTLE. Learning, quotha! a mere composition of tricks and mischief!

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Humor, my dear; nothing but humor. Come, Mr. Hardcastle, you must allow the boy a little humor.

25 HARDCASTLE. I'd sooner allow him a horsepond! If burning the footmen's shoes, frightening the maids, and worrying the kittens, be humor, he has it. It was but yesterday he fastened my wig to the back of my chair, and when I went to make a bow, I popped my bald head in Mrs. Frizzle's face.

30 MRS. HARDCASTLE. And I am to blame? The poor boy was always too sickly to do any good. A school would be his death. When he comes to be a little stronger, who knows what a year or two's Latin may do for him?

HARDCASTLE. Latin for him ! A cat and fiddle ! No, no ; the alehouse and the stable are the only schools he'll ever go to.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Well, we must not snub the poor boy now, for I believe we shan't have him long among us. Anybody that looks in his face may see he's consumptive. 5

HARDCASTLE. Ay, if growing too fat be one of the symptoms.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. He coughs sometimes.

HARDCASTLE. Yes, when his liquor goes the wrong way.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. I'm actually afraid of his lungs.

HARDCASTLE. And truly, so am I ; for he sometimes whoops 10 like a speaking trumpet — [TONY *hallooing behind the scenes*] Oh, there he goes — a very consumptive figure, truly !

Enter TONY, crossing the stage

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Tony, where are you going, my charmer ? Won't you give papa and I a little of your company, lovey ? 15

TONY. I'm in haste, mother ; I cannot stay.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. You shan't venture out this raw evening, my dear ; you look most shockingly.

TONY. I can't stay, I tell you. *The Three Pigeons* expects me down every moment. There's some fun going forward. 20

HARDCASTLE. Ay, the alehouse, the old place ; I thought so.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. A low, paltry set of fellows.

TONY. Not so low, neither. There's Dick Muggins, the exciseman ; Jack Slang, the horse doctor ; little Aminadab, that grinds the music box ; and Tom Twist, that spins the 25 pewter platter.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Pray, my dear, disappoint them for one night at least.

TONY. As for disappointing them, I should not so much mind ; but I can't abide to disappoint myself. 30

MRS. HARDCASTLE. [*Detaining him*] You shan't go.

TONY. I will, I tell you.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. I say you shan't.

TONY. We'll see which is the strongest, you or I.

[*Exit, hauling her out*]

HARDCASTLE. [*Alone*] Ay, there goes a pair that only spoil
5 each other. But is not the whole age in a combination to drive
sense and discretion out of doors? There's my pretty darling,
Kate; the fashions of the times have almost infected her too.
By living a year or two in town, she is as fond of gauze and
French frippery as the best of them.

Enter MISS HARDCASTLE

10 Blessings on my pretty innocence! Dressed out as usual, my
Kate. Goodness! what a quantity of superfluous silk hast thou
got about thee, girl! I could never teach the fools of this age
that the indigent world could be clothed out of the trimmings
of the vain.

15 MISS HARDCASTLE. You know our agreement, sir. You
allow me the morning to receive and pay visits, and to dress
in my own manner; and in the evening I put on my house-
wife's dress to please you.

HARDCASTLE. Well, remember, I insist on the terms of our
20 agreement; and, by the bye, I believe I shall have occasion to
try your obedience this very evening.

MISS HARDCASTLE. I protest, sir, I don't comprehend your
meaning.

HARDCASTLE. Then, to be plain with you, Kate, I expect
25 the young gentleman I have chosen to be your husband from
town this very day. I have his father's letter, in which he
informs me his son is set out, and that he intends to follow
himself shortly after.

MISS HARDCASTLE. Indeed! I wish I had known some-
30 thing of this before. Bless me, how shall I behave? It's a

thousand to one I shan't like him; our meeting will be so formal, and so like a thing of business, that I shall find no room for friendship or esteem.

HARDCASTLE. Depend upon it, child, I'll never control your choice; but Mr. Marlow, whom I have pitched upon, 5 is the son of my old friend, Sir Charles Marlow, of whom you have heard me talk so often. The young gentleman has been bred a scholar, and is designed for an employment in the service of his country. I am told he's a man of an excellent understanding. 10

MISS HARDCASTLE. Is he?

HARDCASTLE. Very generous.

MISS HARDCASTLE. I believe I shall like him.

HARDCASTLE. Young and brave.

MISS HARDCASTLE. I'm sure I shall like him. 15

HARDCASTLE. And very handsome.

MISS HARDCASTLE. My dear papa, say no more [*kissing his hand*], he's mine, I'll have him!

HARDCASTLE. And, to crown all, Kate, he's one of the most bashful and reserved young fellows in all the world. 20

MISS HARDCASTLE. Eh! you have frozen me to death again. That word *reserved* has undone all the rest of his accomplishments. A reserved lover, it is said, always makes a suspicious husband.

HARDCASTLE. On the contrary, modesty seldom resides in 25 a breast that is not enriched with nobler virtues. It was the very feature in his character that first struck me.

MISS HARDCASTLE. He must have more striking features to catch me, I promise you. However, if he be so young, so handsome, and so everything as you mention, I believe he'll 30 do still; I think I'll have him.

HARDCASTLE. Ay, Kate, but there is still an obstacle. It's more than an even wager he may not have you.

MISS HARDCASTLE. My dear papa, why will you mortify one so? Well, if he refuses, instead of breaking my heart at his indifference, I'll only break my glass for its flattery, set my cap to some newer fashion, and look out for some less difficult
5 admirer.

HARDCASTLE. Bravely resolved! In the meantime, I'll go prepare the servants for his reception; as we seldom see company, they want as much training as a company of recruits the first day's muster. *[Exit]*

10 MISS HARDCASTLE. *[Alone]* Lud, this news of papa's puts me all in a flutter. *Young, handsome*; these he put last, but I put them foremost. *Sensible, good-natured*; I like all that. But then, *reserved* and *sheepish*; that's much against him. Yet, can't he be cured of his timidity by being taught to be proud
15 of his wife? Yes; and can't I—but I vow I'm disposing of the husband, before I have secured the lover.

Enter MISS NEVILLE

MISS HARDCASTLE. I'm glad you're come, Neville, my dear. Tell me, Constance, how do I look this evening? Is there anything whimsical about me? Is it one of my well-looking days,
20 child? Am I in face to-day?

MISS NEVILLE. Perfectly, my dear. Yet, now I look again—bless me!—surely no accident has happened among the canary birds or the goldfishes? Has your brother or the cat been meddling? Or has the last novel been too moving?

25 MISS HARDCASTLE. No; nothing of all this. I have been threatened—I can scarce get it out—I have been threatened with a lover.

MISS NEVILLE. And his name—

MISS HARDCASTLE. Is Marlow.

30 MISS NEVILLE. Indeed!

MISS HARDCASTLE. The son of Sir Charles Marlow.

MISS NEVILLE. As I live, the most intimate friend of Mr. Hastings, my admirer. They are never asunder. I believe you must have seen him when we lived in town.

MISS HARDCASTLE. Never.

MISS NEVILLE. He's a very singular character, I assure 5 you. Among women of reputation and virtue, he is the modestest man alive; but his acquaintance give him a very different character among creatures of another stamp: you understand me.

MISS HARDCASTLE. An odd character, indeed! I shall never 10 be able to manage him. What shall I do? Pshaw, think no more of him, but trust to occurrences for success. But how goes on your own affair, my dear? Has my mother been courting you for my brother Tony, as usual?

MISS NEVILLE. I have just come from one of our agreeable 15 *tête-à-têtes*. She has been saying a hundred tender things, and setting off her pretty monster as the very pink of perfection.

MISS HARDCASTLE. And her partiality is such that she actually thinks him so. A fortune like yours is no small temptation. Besides, as she has the sole management of it, I'm 20 not surprised to see her unwilling to let it go out of the family.

MISS NEVILLE. A fortune like mine, which chiefly consists in jewels, is no such mighty temptation. But at any rate, if my dear Hastings be but constant, I make no doubt to be too 25 hard for her at last. However, I let her suppose that I am in love with her son; and she never once dreams that my affections are fixed upon another.

MISS HARDCASTLE. My good brother holds out stoutly. I could almost love him for hating you so. 30

MISS NEVILLE. It is a good-natured creature at bottom, and I'm sure would wish to see me married to anybody but himself. But my aunt's bell rings for our afternoon's walk round the

improvements. *Allons.* Courage is necessary, as our affairs are critical.

MISS HARDCASTLE. Would it were bedtime, and all were well. [*Exeunt*]

SCENE II. *An alehouse room. Several shabby fellows with punch and tobacco; TONY at the head of the table, a little higher than the rest; a mallet in his hand*

5 OMNES. Hurree, hurree, hurree, bravo!

FIRST FELLOW. Now, gentlemen, silence for a song. The Squire is going to knock himself down for a song.

OMNES. Ay, a song, a song!

TONY. Then I'll sing you, gentlemen, a song I made upon
10 this alehouse, *The Three Pigeons.*

SONG

Let schoolmasters puzzle their brain,
With grammar, and nonsense, and learning;
Good liquor, I stoutly maintain,
Gives *genus* a better discerning.
15 Let them brag of their heathenish gods,
Their Lethes, their Styxes, and Stygians,
Their quis, and their quæs, and their quods,
They're all but a parcel of pigeons.
Toroddle, toroddle, toroll!

20 When Methodist preachers come down,
A-preaching that drinking is sinful,
I'll wager the rascals a crown,
They always preach best with a skinful.
But when you come down with your pence,
25 For a slice of their scurvy religion,
I'll leave it to all men of sense,
That you, my good friend, are the pigeon.
Toroddle, toroddle, toroll!



"Then come, put the jorum about,
And let us be merry and clever"

C. E. Brock

Then come, put the jorum about,
And let us be merry and clever,
Our hearts and our liquors are stout,
Here's the Three Jolly Pigeons forever.
Let some cry up woodcock or hare, 5
Your bustards, your ducks, and your widgeons;
But of all the birds in the air,
Here's a health to the Three Jolly Pigeons.
Toroddle, toroddle, toroll!

OMNES. Bravo, bravo! 10

FIRST FELLOW. The Squire has got some spunk in him.

SECOND FELLOW. I loves to hear him sing, bekeays he never gives us nothing that's low.

THIRD FELLOW. Oh, damn anything that's low, I cannot bear it! 15

FOURTH FELLOW. The genteel thing is the genteel thing any time; if so be that a gentleman bees in a concatenation accordingly.

THIRD FELLOW. I like the maxum of it, Master Muggins. What though I am obligated to dance a bear, a man may be a 20 gentleman for all that. May this be my poison, if my bear ever dancce but to the very genteelest of tunes: *Water Parted*, or *The Minuet in Ariadne*.

SECOND FELLOW. What a pity it is the Squire is not come to his own. It would be well for all the publicans within ten 25 miles round of him.

TONY. Ecod, and so it would, Master Slang. I'd then show what it was to keep choice of company.

SECOND FELLOW. Oh, he takes after his own father for that. To be sure, old Squire Lumpkin was the finest gentleman I 30 ever set my eyes on. For winding the straight horn, or beating a thicket for a hare, or a wench, he never had his fellow. It was a saying in the place, that he kept the best horses, dogs, and girls in the whole county.

TONY. Ecod, and when I'm of age I'll be no bastard, I promise you. I have been thinking of Bet Bouncer and the miller's gray mare to begin with. But come, my boys, drink about and be merry, for you pay no reckoning. Well, Stingo, 5 what's the matter?

Enter LANDLORD

LANDLORD. There be two gentlemen in a post chaise at the door. They have lost their way upo' the forest; and they are talking something about Mr. Hardcastle.

TONY. As sure as can be, one of them must be the gentle- 10 man that's coming down to court my sister. Do they seem to be Londoners?

LANDLORD. I believe they may. They look woundily like Frenchmen.

TONY. Then desire them to step this way, and I'll set them 15 right in a twinkling. *[Exit LANDLORD]*

Gentlemen, as they may n't be good enough company for you, step down for a moment, and I'll be with you in the squeezing of a lemon. *[Exeunt mob]*

TONY. *[Alone]* Father-in-law has been calling me whelp 20 and hound this half year. Now, if I pleased, I could be so revenged upon the old grumbletonian. But then I'm afraid, — afraid of what? I shall soon be worth fifteen hundred a year, and let him frighten me out of *that* if he can.

Enter LANDLORD, conducting MARLOW and HASTINGS

MARLOW. What a tedious, uncomfortable day have we had 25 of it! We were told it was but forty miles across the country, and we have come above threescore!

HASTINGS. And all, Marlow, from that unaccountable reserve of yours, that would not let us inquire more frequently on the way.

MARLOW. I own, Hastings, I am unwilling to lay myself under an obligation to everyone I meet, and often stand the chance of an unmannerly answer.

HASTINGS. At present, however, we are not likely to receive any answer. 5

TONY. No offense, gentlemen. But I'm told you have been inquiring for one Mr. Hardcastle, in these parts. Do you know what part of the country you are in?

HASTINGS. Not in the least, sir, but should thank you for information. 10

TONY. Nor the way you came?

HASTINGS. No, sir; but if you can inform us —

TONY. Why, gentlemen, if you know neither the road you are going, nor where you are, nor the road you came, the first thing I have to inform you is, that — you have lost your way. 15

MARLOW. We wanted no ghost to tell us that.

TONY. Pray, gentlemen, may I be so bold as to ask the place from whence you came?

MARLOW. That's not necessary towards directing us where we are to go. 20

TONY. No offense; but question for question is all fair, you know. — Pray, gentlemen, is not this same Hardcastle a cross-grained, old-fashioned, whimsical fellow, with an ugly face, a daughter, and a pretty son?

HASTINGS. We have not seen the gentleman, but he has 25 the family you mention.

TONY. The daughter, a tall, traipsing, trolloping, talkative Maypole; the son, a pretty, well-bred, agreeable youth, that everybody is fond of?

MARLOW. Our information differs in this. The daughter is 30 said to be well-bred, and beautiful; the son an awkward booby, reared up and spoiled at his mother's apron string.

TONY. He-he-hem! — Then, gentlemen, all I have to tell you is, that you won't reach Mr. Hardcastle's house this night, I believe.

HASTINGS. Unfortunate!

5 TONY. It's a damned long, dark, boggy, dirty, dangerous way. Stingo, tell the gentlemen the way to Mr. Hardcastle's; [*winking upon the LANDLORD*] Mr. Hardcastle's of Quagmire Marsh, you understand me.

LANDLORD. Master Hardcastle's! Lack-a-daisy, my masters,
10 you're come a deadly deal wrong! When you came to the bottom of the hill, you should have crossed down Squash Lane.

MARLOW. Cross down Squash Lane?

LANDLORD. Then you were to keep straight forward, till you came to four roads.

15 MARLOW. Come to where four roads meet?

TONY. Ay; but you must be sure to take only one of them.

MARLOW. Oh, sir, you're facetious.

TONY. Then, keeping to the right, you are to go sideways till you come upon Crack-skull Common: there you must look
20 sharp for the track of the wheel, and go forward till you come to farmer Murrain's barn. Coming to the farmer's barn, you are to turn to the right, and then to the left, and then to the right about again, till you find out the old mill —

MARLOW. Zounds, man! we could as soon find out the
25 longitude!

HASTINGS. What's to be done, Marlow?

MARLOW. This house promises but a poor reception; though perhaps the landlord can accommodate us.

LANDLORD. Alack, master, we have but one spare bed in
30 the whole house.

TONY. And to my knowledge, that's taken up by three lodgers already. [*After a pause in which the rest seem disconcerted*] I have hit it. Don't you think, Stingo, our landlady

could accommodate the gentlemen by the fireside, with — three chairs and a bolster?

HASTINGS. I hate sleeping by the fireside.

MARLOW. And I detest your three chairs and a bolster.

TONY. You do, do you? — then, let me see — what if you go on a mile further, to the Buck's Head; the old Buck's Head on the hill, one of the best inns in the whole county?

HASTINGS. O ho! so we have escaped an adventure for this night, however.

LANDLORD. [*Apart to TONY*] Sure, you be n't sending them to your father's as an inn, be you?

TONY. Mum, you fool you. Let *them* find that out. [*To them*] You have only to keep on straight forward, till you come to a large old house by the roadside. You'll see a pair of large horns over the door. That's the sign. Drive up the yard, and call stoutly about you.

HASTINGS. Sir, we are obliged to you. The servants can't miss the way?

TONY. No, no; but I tell you, though, the landlord is rich, and going to leave off business; so he wants to be thought a gentleman, saving your presence, he! he! he! He'll be for giving you his company; and, ecod, if you mind him, he'll persuade you that his mother was an alderman and his aunt a justice of peace.

LANDLORD. A troublesome old blade, to be sure; but a keeps as good wines and beds as any in the whole country.

MARLOW. Well, if he supplies us with these, we shall want no further connection. We are to turn to the right, did you say?

TONY. No, no; straight forward. I'll just step myself, and show you a piece of the way. [*To the LANDLORD*] Mum! 30

LANDLORD. Ah, bless your heart, for a sweet, pleasant — damn'd mischievous son. [*Exeunt*]

ACT THE SECOND

SCENE. *An old-fashioned house*

Enter HARDCASTLE, *followed by three or four awkward*

SERVANTS

HARDCASTLE. Well, I hope you are perfect in the table exercise I have been teaching you these three days. You all know your posts and your places, and can show that you have been used to good company, without ever stirring from home.

5 OMNES. Ay, ay.

HARDCASTLE. When company comes, you are not to pop out and stare, and then run in again, like frightened rabbits in a warren.

OMNES. No, no.

10 HARDCASTLE. You, Diggory, whom I have taken from the barn, are to make a show at the side table; and you, Roger, whom I have advanced from the plow, are to place yourself behind my chair. But you're not to stand so, with your hands in your pockets. Take your hands from your pockets, Roger;
15 and from your head, you blockhead, you. See how Diggory carries his hands. They're a little too stiff, indeed, but that's no great matter.

DIGGORY. Ay, mind how I hold them. I learned to hold my hands this way, when I was upon drill for the militia. And so
20 being upon drill—

HARDCASTLE. You must not be so talkative, Diggory. You must be all attention to the guests. You must hear us talk, and not think of talking; you must see us drink, and not think of drinking; you must see us eat, and not think of eating.



DIGGORY. By the laws, your worship, that 's perfectly impossible. Whenever Diggory sees yeating going forward, ecod, he 's always wishing for a mouthful himself.

HARDCASTLE. Blockhead! Is not a bellyful in the kitchen as good as a bellyful in the parlor? Stay your stomach with 5 that reflection.

DIGGORY. Ecod, I thank your worship, I 'll make a shift to stay my stomach with a slice of cold beef in the pantry.

HARDCASTLE. Diggory, you are too talkative. — Then, if I happen to say a good thing, or tell a good story at table, you 10 must not all burst out a-laughing, as if you made part of the company.

DIGGORY. Then, ecod, your worship must not tell the story of the Ould Grouse in the gun room; I can't help laughing at that — he! he! he! — for the soul of me. We have laughed 15 at that these twenty years — ha! ha! ha!

HARDCASTLE. Ha! ha! ha! The story is a good one. Well, honest Diggory, you may laugh at that; but still remember to be attentive. Suppose one of the company should call for a glass of wine, how will you behave? A glass of wine, sir, if you 20 please — [To DIGGORY] Eh, why don't you move?

DIGGORY. Ecod, your worship, I never have courage till I see the eatables and drinkables brought upo' the table, and then I'm as bauld as a lion.

HARDCASTLE. What, will nobody move? 25

FIRST SERVANT. I'm not to leave this pleace.

SECOND SERVANT. I'm sure it 's no pleace of mine.

THIRD SERVANT. Nor mine, for sartain.

DIGGORY. Wauns, and I'm sure it canna be mine.

HARDCASTLE. You numskulls! and so while, like your 30 betters, you are quarreling for places, the guests must be starved. Oh, you dunces! I find I must begin all over again — But don't I hear a coach drive into the yard? To your posts,

you blockheads! I'll go in the meantime, and give my old friend's son a hearty reception at the gate.

[*Exit* **HARDCASTLE**]

DIGGORY. By the elevens, my pleace is quite gone out my head!

5 **ROGER.** I know that my pleace is to be everywhere!

FIRST SERVANT. Where the devil is mine?

SECOND SERVANT. My pleace is to be nowhere at all; and so I 'ze go about my business!

 [*Exeunt* **SERVANTS**, *running about as if frightened, different ways*]

Enter **SERVANT** *with candles, showing in* **MARLOW** *and* **HASTINGS**

SERVANT. Welcome, gentlemen, very welcome! This way.

10 **HASTINGS.** After the disappointments of the day, welcome once more, Charles, to the comforts of a clean room and a good fire. Upon my word, a very well-looking house; antique but creditable.

MARLOW. The usual fate of a large mansion. Having first
15 ruined the master by good housekeeping, it at last comes to levy contributions as an inn.

HASTINGS. As you say, we passengers are to be taxed to pay all these fineries. I have often seen a good sideboard, or a marble chimney piece, though not actually put in the bill, inflame
20 a reckoning confoundedly.

MARLOW. Travelers, George, must pay in all places. The only difference is that in good inns you pay dearly for luxuries; in bad inns you are fleeced and starved.

HASTINGS. You have lived pretty much among them. In
25 truth, I have been often surprised, that you who have seen so much of the world, with your natural good sense, and your many opportunities, could never yet acquire a requisite share of assurance.

MARLOW. The Englishman's malady. But tell me, George, where could I have learned that assurance you talk of? My life has been chiefly spent in a college or an inn, in seclusion from that lovely part of the creation that chiefly teach men confidence. I don't know that I was ever familiarly acquainted 5 with a single modest woman, except my mother. But among females of another class, you know —

HASTINGS. Ay, among them you are impudent enough, of all conscience.

MARLOW. They are of *us*, you know. 10

HASTINGS. But in the company of women of reputation I never saw such an idiot, such a trembler; you look for all the world as if you wanted an opportunity of stealing out of the room.

MARLOW. Why, man, that's because I *do* want to steal out 15 of the room. Faith, I have often formed a resolution to break the ice, and rattle away at any rate. But I don't know how, a single glance from a pair of fine eyes has totally upset my resolution. An impudent fellow may counterfeit modesty, but I'll be hanged if a modest man can ever counterfeit impudence. 20

HASTINGS. If you could but say half the fine things to them, that I have heard you lavish upon the barmaid of an inn, or even a college bed-maker —

MARLOW. Why, George, I can't say fine things to them. They freeze, they petrify me. They may talk of a comet, or a 25 burning mountain, or some such bagatelle; but to me a modest woman, dressed out in all her finery, is the most tremendous object of the whole creation.

HASTINGS. Ha! ha! ha! At this rate, man, how can you ever expect to marry? 30

MARLOW. Never; unless, as among kings and princes, my bride were to be courted by proxy. If, indeed, like an Eastern bridegroom, one were to be introduced to a wife he never saw

before, it might be endured. But to go through all the terrors of a formal courtship, together with the episode of aunts, grandmothers, and cousins, and at last to blurt out the broad staring question of "Madam, will you marry me?" No, no, 5 that's a strain much above me, I assure you.

HASTINGS. I pity you. But how do you intend behaving to the lady you are come down to visit at the request of your father?

MARLOW. As I behave to all other ladies. Bow very low; 10 answer yes or no to all her demands. But for the rest, I don't think I shall venture to look in her face till I see my father's again.

HASTINGS. I'm surprised that one who is so warm a friend can be so cool a lover.

15 MARLOW. To be explicit, my dear Hastings, my chief inducement down was to be instrumental in forwarding your happiness, not my own. Miss Neville loves you, the family don't know you; as my friend, you are sure of a reception, and let honor do the rest.

20 HASTINGS. My dear Marlow! But I'll suppress the emotion. Were I a wretch, meanly seeking to carry off a fortune, you should be the last man in the world I would apply to for assistance. But Miss Neville's person is all I ask, and that is mine, both from her deceased father's consent, and her own 25 inclination.

MARLOW. Happy man! you have talents and art to captivate any woman. I'm doomed to adore the sex, and yet to converse with the only part of it I despise. This stammer in my address, and this awkward unprepossessing visage of mine, 30 can never permit me to soar above the reach of a milliner's 'prentice, or one of the Duchesses of Drury Lane. Pshaw! this fellow here to interrupt us.

Enter HARDCASTLE

HARDCASTLE. Gentlemen, once more you are heartily welcome. Which is Mr. Marlow? Sir, you are heartily welcome. It's not my way, you see, to receive my friends with my back to the fire. I like to give them a hearty reception, in the old style, at my gate. I like to see their horses and trunks taken 5 care of.

MARLOW. [*Aside*] He has got our names from the servants already. [*To him*] We approve your caution and hospitality, sir. [*To* HASTINGS] I have been thinking, George, of changing our traveling dresses in the morning. I am grown confoundedly 10 ashamed of mine.

HARDCASTLE. I beg, Mr. Marlow, you'll use no ceremony in this house.

HASTINGS. I fancy, Charles, you're right; the first blow is half the battle. I intend opening the campaign with the white 15 and gold.

HARDCASTLE. Mr. Marlow — Mr. Hastings — gentlemen, pray be under no restraint in this house. This is Liberty Hall, gentlemen. You may do just as you please here.

MARLOW. Yet, George, if we open the campaign too fiercely 20 at first, we may want ammunition before it is over. I think to reserve the embroidery to secure a retreat.

HARDCASTLE. Your talking of a retreat, Mr. Marlow, puts me in mind of the Duke of Marlborough, when we went to besiege Denain. He first summoned the garrison — 25

MARLOW. Don't you think the *ventre d'or* waistcoat will do with the plain brown?

HARDCASTLE. He first summoned the garrison, which might consist of about five thousand men —

HASTINGS. I think not: brown and yellow mix but very 30 poorly.

HARDCASTLE. I say, gentlemen, as I was telling you, he summoned the garrison, which might consist of about five thousand men —

MARLOW. The girls like finery.

5 HARDCASTLE. Which might consist of about five thousand men, well appointed with stores, ammunition, and other implements of war. "Now," says the Duke of Marlborough to George Brooks, that stood next to him — you must have heard of George Brooks — "I'll pawn my dukedom," says he, "but
10 I take that garrison without spilling a drop of blood." So —

MARLOW. What, my good friend, if you gave us a glass of punch in the meantime; it would help us to carry on the siege with vigor.

HARDCASTLE. Punch, sir! [*Aside*] This is the most unac-
15 countable kind of modesty I ever met with!

MARLOW. Yes, sir, punch! A glass of warm punch, after our journey, will be comfortable. This is Liberty Hall, you know.

HARDCASTLE. Here's cup, sir.

20 MARLOW. [*Aside*] So this fellow, in his Liberty Hall, will only let us have just what he pleases.

HARDCASTLE. [*Taking the cup*] I hope you'll find it to your mind. I have prepared it with my own hands, and I believe you'll own the ingredients are tolerable. Will you be so good
25 as to pledge me, sir? Here, Mr. Marlow, here is to our better acquaintance. [*Drinks*]

MARLOW. [*Aside*] A very impudent fellow this! But he's a character, and I'll humor him a little. Sir, my service to you.
[*Drinks*]

HASTINGS. [*Aside*] I see this fellow wants to give us his
30 company, and forgets that he's an innkeeper before he has learned to be a gentleman.

MARLOW. From the excellence of your cup, my old friend, I suppose you have a good deal of business in this part of the country. Warm work, now and then, at elections, I suppose.

HARDCASTLE. No, sir, I have long given that work over. Since our betters have hit upon the expedient of electing each 5 other, there is no business "for us that sell ale."

HASTINGS. So, then, you have no turn for politics, I find.

HARDCASTLE. Not in the least. There was a time, indeed, I fretted myself about the mistakes of government, like other people; but, finding myself every day grow more angry, and 10 the government growing no better, I left it to mend itself. Since that, I no more trouble my head about Hyder Ally, or Ally Cawn, than about Ally Croaker. Sir, my service to you.

HASTINGS. So that with eating above stairs, and drinking below, with receiving your friends within, and amusing them 15 without, you lead a good, pleasant, bustling life of it.

HARDCASTLE. I do stir about a great deal, that's certain. Half the differences of the parish are adjusted in this very parlor.

MARLOW. [*After drinking*] And you have an argument in your cup, old gentleman, better than any in Westminster Hall. 20

HARDCASTLE. Ay, young gentleman, that, and a little philosophy.

MARLOW. [*Aside*] Well, this is the first time I ever heard of an innkeeper's philosophy.

HASTINGS. So, then, like an experienced general, you at- 25 tack them on every quarter. If you find their reason manageable, you attack it with your philosophy; if you find they have no reason, you attack them with this. Here's your health, my philosopher. [*Drinks*]

HARDCASTLE. Good, very good, thank you; ha! ha! ha! 30 Your generalship puts me in mind of Prince Eugene, when he fought the Turks at the battle of Belgrade. You shall hear—

MARLOW. Instead of the battle of Belgrade, I believe it's almost time to talk about supper. What has your philosophy got in the house for supper?

HARDCASTLE. For supper, sir! [*Aside*] Was ever such a
5 request to a man in his own house!

MARLOW. Yes, sir, supper, sir; I begin to feel an appetite. I shall make devilish work to-night in the larder, I promise you.

HARDCASTLE. [*Aside*] Such a brazen dog sure never my eyes beheld. [*To him*] Why, really, sir, as for supper, I can't
10 well tell. My Dorothy and the cook-maid settle these things between them. I leave these kind of things entirely to them.

MARLOW. You do, do you?

HARDCASTLE. Entirely. By the bye, I believe they are in actual consultation upon what's for supper this moment in
15 the kitchen.

MARLOW. Then I beg they'll admit *me* as one of their privy council. It's a way I have got. When I travel I always choose to regulate my own supper. Let the cook be called. No offense, I hope, sir.

20 HARDCASTLE. Oh, no, sir, none in the least; yet I don't know how; our Bridget, the cook-maid, is not very communicative upon these occasions. Should we send for her, she might scold us all out of the house.

HASTINGS. Let's see your list of the larder, then. I ask it
25 as a favor. I always match my appetite to my bill of fare.

MARLOW. [*To HARDCASTLE, who looks at them with surprise*] Sir, he's very right, and it's my way, too.

HARDCASTLE. Sir, you have a right to command here. Here, Roger, bring us the bill of fare for to-night's supper; I believe
30 it's drawn out. Your manner, Mr. Hastings, puts me in mind of my uncle, Colonel Wallop. It was a saying of his, that no man was sure of his supper till he had eaten it.



Marlow [Reading] "For the first course, at the top,
a pig, and prune sauce"

HASTINGS. [*Aside*] All upon the high ropes! His uncle a colonel! We shall soon hear of his mother being a justice of peace. But let's hear the bill of fare.

MARLOW. [*Perusing*] What's here? For the first course; for the second course; for the dessert. The devil, sir, do you 5 think we have brought down the whole Joiners' Company, or the Corporation of Bedford, to eat up such a supper? Two or three little things, clean and comfortable, will do.

HASTINGS. But let's hear it.

MARLOW. [*Reading*] "For the first course, at the top, a 10 pig, and prune sauce."

HASTINGS. Damn your pig, I say!

MARLOW. And damn your prune sauce, say I!

HARDCASTLE. And yet, gentlemen, to men that are hungry, pig with prune sauce is very good eating. 15

MARLOW. "At the bottom, a calf's tongue and brains."

HASTINGS. Let your brains be knocked out, my good sir; I don't like them.

MARLOW. Or you may clap them on a plate by themselves. I do. 20

HARDCASTLE. [*Aside*] Their impudence confounds me. [*To them*] Gentlemen, you are my guests; make what alterations you please. Is there anything else you wish to retrench, or alter, gentlemen?

MARLOW. "Item: a pork pie, a boiled rabbit and sausages, 25 a Florentine, a shaking pudding, and a dish of tiff — taff — taffety cream!"

HASTINGS. Confound your made dishes! I shall be as much at a loss in this house as at a green and yellow dinner at the French ambassador's table. I'm for plain eating. 30

HARDCASTLE. I'm sorry, gentlemen, that I have nothing you like; but if there be anything you have a particular fancy to —

MARLOW. Why, really, sir, your bill of fare is so exquisite, that any one part of it is full as good as another. Send us what you please. So much for supper. And now to see that our beds are aired, and properly taken care of.

5 HARDCASTLE. I entreat you'll leave all that to me. You shall not stir a step.

MARLOW. Leave that to you! I protest, sir, you must excuse me; I always look to these things myself.

HARDCASTLE. I must insist, sir, you'll make yourself easy
10 on that head.

MARLOW. You see I am resolved on it. [*Aside*] A very troublesome fellow this, as ever I met with.

HARDCASTLE. Well, sir, I'm resolved at least to attend you.
[*Aside*] This may be modern modesty, but I never saw any-
15 thing look so like old-fashioned impudence.

[*Exeunt MARLOW and HARDCASTLE*]

HASTINGS. [*Alone*] So I find this fellow's civilities begin to grow troublesome. But who can be angry at those assiduities which are meant to please him? Ha! what do I see? Miss Neville, by all that's happy!

Enter MISS NEVILLE

20 MISS NEVILLE. My dear Hastings! To what unexpected good fortune, to what accident, am I to ascribe this happy meeting?

HASTINGS. Rather let me ask the same question, as I could never have hoped to meet my dearest Constance at an inn.

MISS NEVILLE. An inn! sure you mistake! My aunt, my
25 guardian, lives here. What could induce you to think this house an inn?

HASTINGS. My friend, Mr. Marlow, with whom I came down, and I have been sent here as to an inn, I assure you. A young fellow, whom we accidentally met at a house hard by,
30 directed us hither.

MISS NEVILLE. Certainly it must be one of my hopeful cousin's tricks, of whom you have heard me talk so often; ha! ha! ha!

HASTINGS. He whom your aunt intends for you? he of whom I have such just apprehensions? 5

MISS NEVILLE. You have nothing to fear from him, I assure you. You'd adore him if you knew how heartily he despises me. My aunt knows it too, and has undertaken to court me for him, and actually begins to think she has made a conquest.

HASTINGS. Thou dear dissembler! You must know, my Constance, I have just seized this happy opportunity of my friend's visit here to get admittance into the family. The horses that carried us down are now fatigued with their journey, but they'll soon be refreshed; and then, if my dearest girl will trust in her faithful Hastings, we shall soon be landed in France, 15 where even among slaves the laws of marriage are respected.

MISS NEVILLE. I have often told you that, though ready to obey you, I yet should leave my little fortune behind with reluctance. The greatest part of it was left me by my uncle, the India director, and chiefly consists in jewels. I have been 20 for some time persuading my aunt to let me wear them. I fancy I'm very near succeeding. The instant they are put into my possession, you shall find me ready to make them and myself yours.

HASTINGS. Perish the baubles! Your person is all I desire. 25 In the meantime, my friend Marlow must not be let into his mistake. I know the strange reserve of his temper is such that, if abruptly informed of it, he would instantly quit the house before our plan was ripe for execution.

MISS NEVILLE. But how shall we keep him in the decep- 30 tion? Miss Harcastle is just returned from walking; what if we still continue to deceive him? — This, this way — [*They confer*]

Enter MARLOW

MARLOW. The assiduities of these good people tease me beyond bearing. My host seems to think it ill manners to leave me alone, and so he claps not only himself but his old-fashioned wife on my back. They talk of coming to sup with us too ; and
5 then, I suppose, we are to run the gauntlet through all the rest of the family. — What have we got here ?

HASTINGS. My dear Charles ! Let me congratulate you ! The most fortunate accident ! Who do you think is just alighted ?

MARLOW. Cannot guess.

10 HASTINGS. Our mistresses, boy, Miss Hardcastle and Miss Neville. Give me leave to introduce Miss Constance Neville to your acquaintance. Happening to dine in the neighborhood, they called on their return to take fresh horses here. Miss Hardcastle has just stepped into the next room, and will be
15 back in an instant. Wasn't it lucky ? eh !

MARLOW. [*Aside*] I have just been mortified enough of all conscience, and here comes something to complete my embarrassment.

HASTINGS. Well, but wasn't it the most fortunate thing in
20 the world ?

MARLOW. Oh, yes. Very fortunate — a most joyful encounter — But our dresses, George, you know, are in disorder — What if we should postpone the happiness till to-morrow ? — to-morrow at her own house — It will be every bit as convenient — and
25 rather more respectful — To-morrow let it be. [*Offering to go*]

HASTINGS. By no means, sir. Your ceremony will displease her. The disorder of your dress will show the ardor of your impatience. Besides, she knows you are in the house, and will permit you to see her.

30 MARLOW. Oh, the devil ! how shall I support it ? Hem ! hem ! Hastings, you must not go. You are to assist me, you

know. I shall be confoundedly ridiculous. Yet, hang it, I'll take courage! Hem!

HASTINGS. Pshaw, man! it's but the first plunge, and all's over! She's but a woman, you know.

MARLOW. And of all women, she that I dread most to 5 encounter!

*Enter MISS HARDCASTLE, as returned from walking,
a bonnet, etc.*

HASTINGS. [*Introducing them*] Miss Hardcastle, Mr. Marlow; I'm proud of bringing two persons of such merit together, that only want to know, to esteem each other.

MISS HARDCASTLE. [*Aside*] Now for meeting my modest 10 gentleman with a demure face, and quite in his own manner. [*After a pause, in which he appears very uneasy and disconcerted*] I'm glad of your safe arrival, sir. I'm told you had some accidents by the way.

MARLOW. Only a few, madam. Yes, we had some. Yes, madam, a good many accidents, but should be sorry — madam 15 — or rather glad of any accidents — that are so agreeably concluded. Hem!

HASTINGS. [*To him*] You never spoke better in your whole life. Keep it up, and I'll insure you the victory.

MISS HARDCASTLE. I'm afraid you flatter, sir. You that 20 have seen so much of the finest company, can find little entertainment in an obscure corner of the country.

MARLOW. [*Gathering courage*] I have lived, indeed, in the world, madam; but I have kept very little company. I have been but an observer upon life, madam, while others were enjoying it. 25

MISS NEVILLE. But that, I am told, is the way to enjoy it at last.

HASTINGS. [*To him*] Cicero never spoke better. Once more, and you are confirmed in assurance forever.

MARLOW. [*To him*] Hem! stand by me then, and when I'm down, throw in a word or two to set me up again.

MISS HARDCASTLE. An observer, like you, upon life, were, I fear, disagreeably employed, since you must have had much
5 more to censure than to approve.

MARLOW. Pardon me, madam. I was always willing to be amused. The folly of most people is rather an object of mirth than uneasiness.

HASTINGS. [*To him*] Bravo, bravo. Never spoke so well in
10 your whole life. — Well, Miss Hardcastle, I see that you and Mr. Marlow are going to be very good company. I believe our being here will but embarrass the interview.

MARLOW. Not in the least, Mr. Hastings. We like your company of all things. [*To him*] Zounds, George, sure you
15 won't go? How can you leave us?

HASTINGS. Our presence will but spoil conversation, so we'll retire to the next room. [*To him*] You don't consider, man, that we are to manage a little *tête-à-tête* of our own.

[*Exeunt HASTINGS with MISS NEVILLE*]

MISS HARDCASTLE. [*After a pause*] But you have not been
20 wholly an observer, I presume, sir. The ladies, I should hope, have employed some part of your addresses.

MARLOW. [*Relapsing into timidity*] Pardon me, madam, I — I — I — as yet have studied — only — to — deserve them.

MISS HARDCASTLE. And that, some say, is the very worst
25 way to obtain them.

MARLOW. Perhaps so, madam. But I love to converse only with the more grave and sensible part of the sex. — But I'm afraid I grow tiresome.

MISS HARDCASTLE. Not at all, sir; there is nothing I like
30 so much as grave conversation myself; I could hear it forever. Indeed I have often been surprised how a man of sentiment



C. G. G. —

Marlow — "Pardon me, madam, I-I-I-as yet
have studied-only-to-deserve them"

could ever admire those light, airy pleasures, where nothing reaches the heart.

MARLOW. It's — a disease — of the mind, madam. In the variety of tastes there must be some who, wanting a relish — for — um — a — um — 5

MISS HARDCASTLE. I understand you, sir. There must be some who, wanting a relish for refined pleasures, pretend to despise what they are incapable of tasting.

MARLOW. My meaning, madam, but infinitely better expressed. And I can't help observing — a — 10

MISS HARDCASTLE. [*Aside*] Who could ever suppose this fellow impudent upon some occasions! [*To him*] You were going to observe, sir, —

MARLOW. I was observing, madam — I protest, madam, I forget what I was going to observe. 15

MISS HARDCASTLE. [*Aside*] I vow and so do I. [*To him*] You were observing, sir, that in this age of hypocrisy, — something about hypocrisy, sir.

MARLOW. Yes, madam. In this age of hypocrisy there are few who, upon strict inquiry, do not — a — a — 20

MISS HARDCASTLE. I understand you perfectly, sir.

MARLOW. [*Aside*] Egad! and that's more than I do myself!

MISS HARDCASTLE. You mean that in this hypocritical age there are few who do not condemn in public what they practice in private; and think they pay every debt to virtue when they 25 praise it.

MARLOW. True, madam; those who have most virtue in their mouths have least of it in their bosoms. But I'm sure I tire you, madam.

MISS HARDCASTLE. Not in the least, sir; there's something 30 so agreeable and spirited in your manner, such life and force, — pray, sir, go on.

MARLOW. Yes, madam, I was saying — that there are some occasions — when a total want of courage, madam, destroys all the — and puts us — upon — a — a — a —

MISS HARDCASTLE. I agree with you entirely; a want of
5 courage upon some occasions assumes the appearance of ignorance, and betrays us when we most want to excel. I beg you 'll proceed.

MARLOW. Yes, madam. Morally speaking, madam — But I see Miss Neville expecting us in the next room. I would not
10 intrude for the world.

MISS HARDCASTLE. I protest, sir, I never was more agreeably entertained in all my life. Pray go on.

MARLOW. Yes, madam, I was — But she beckons us to join her. Madam, shall I do myself the honor to attend you?

15 MISS HARDCASTLE. Well, then, I 'll follow.

MARLOW. [*Aside*] This pretty smooth dialogue has done for me. [*Exit*]

MISS HARDCASTLE. [*Alone*] Ha! ha! ha! Was there ever such a sober, sentimental interview? I'm certain he scarce
20 looked in my face the whole time. Yet the fellow, but for his unaccountable bashfulness, is pretty well, too. He has good sense, but then so buried in his fears, that it fatigues one more than ignorance. If I could teach him a little confidence, it would be doing somebody that I know of a piece of service.
25 But who is that somebody? That, faith, is a question I can scarce answer. [*Exit*]

Enter TONY and MISS NEVILLE, followed by MRS. HARDCASTLE and HASTINGS

TONY. What do you follow me for, cousin Con? I wonder you're not ashamed to be so very engaging.

MISS NEVILLE. I hope, cousin, one may speak to one's own
30 relations, and not be to blame.

TONY. Ay, but I know what sort of a relation you want to make me, though; but it won't do. I tell you, cousin Con, it won't do; so I beg you'll keep your distance. I want no nearer relationship. [*She follows, coquetting him to the back scene*]

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Well, I vow, Mr. Hastings, you are 5 very entertaining. There's nothing in the world I love to talk of so much as London, and the fashions, though I was never there myself.

HASTINGS. Never there! You amaze me! From your air and manner, I concluded you had been bred all your life either 10 at Ranelagh, St. James's, or Tower Wharf.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Oh, sir, you're only pleased to say so. We country persons can have no manner at all. I'm in love with the town, and that serves to raise me above some of our neighboring rustics; but who can have a manner, that has 15 never seen the Pantheon, the Grotto Gardens, the Borough, and such places, where the nobility chiefly resort? All I can do is to enjoy London at secondhand. I take care to know every *tête-à-tête* from the *Scandalous Magazine*, and have all the fashions, as they come out, in a letter from the two Miss Rickets 20 of Crooked Lane. Pray, how do you like this head, Mr. Hastings?

HASTINGS. Extremely elegant and *dégagée*, upon my word, madam. Your friseur is a Frenchman, I suppose?

MRS. HARDCASTLE. I protest, I dressed it myself from a print in the *Ladies' Memorandum-book* for the last year. 25

HASTINGS. Indeed! Such a head in a side box, at the play-house, would draw as many gazers as my Lady Mayoress at a city ball.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. I vow, since inoculation began, there is no such thing to be seen as a plain woman; so one must dress 30 a little particular, or one may escape in the crowd.

HASTINGS. But that can never be your case, madam, in any dress. [*Bowing*]

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Yet what signifies my dressing, when I have such a piece of antiquity by my side as Mr. Hardcastle? All I can say will never argue down a single button from his clothes. I have often wanted him to throw off his great flaxen wig, and where he was bald to plaster it over, like my Lord Pately, with powder.

HASTINGS. You are right, madam; for, as among the ladies there are none ugly, so among the men there are none old.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. But what do you think his answer was? Why, with his usual Gothic vivacity, he said I only wanted him to throw off his wig to convert it into a *tête* for my own wearing.

HASTINGS. Intolerable! At your age you may wear what you please, and it must become you.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Pray, Mr. Hastings, what do you take to be the most fashionable age about town?

HASTINGS. Some time ago forty was all the mode; but I'm told the ladies intend to bring up fifty for the ensuing winter.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Seriously? Then I shall be too young for the fashion.

HASTINGS. No lady begins now to put on jewels till she's past forty. For instance, Miss there, in a polite circle, would be considered as a child, as a mere maker of samplers.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. And yet, Mistress Niece thinks herself as much a woman, and is as fond of jewels, as the oldest of us all.

HASTINGS. Your niece, is she? And that young gentleman, — a brother of yours, I should presume?

MRS. HARDCASTLE. My son, sir. They are contracted to each other. Observe their little sports. They fall in and out ten times a day, as if they were man and wife already. [*To them*] Well, Tony, child, what soft things are you saying to your cousin Constance this evening?

TONY. I have been saying no soft things; but that it's very hard to be followed about so. Ecod! I've not a place in the house now that's left to myself but the stable.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Never mind him, Con, my dear. He's in another story behind your back. 5

MISS NEVILLE. There's something generous in my cousin's manner. He falls out before faces, to be forgiven in private.

TONY. That's a damned confounded — crack.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Ah, he's a sly one! Don't you think they're like each other about the mouth, Mr. Hastings? The 10 Blenkinsop mouth to a T. They're of a size, too. Back to back, my pretties, that Mr. Hastings may see you. Come, Tony.

TONY. You had as good not make me, I tell you. [*Measuring*]

MISS NEVILLE. Oh, lud! he has almost cracked my head. 15

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Oh, the monster! For shame, Tony. You a man, and behave so!

TONY. If I'm a man, let me have my fortin. Ecod, I'll not be made a fool of no longer.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Is this, ungrateful boy, all that I'm to 20 get for the pains I have taken in your education? I that have rocked you in your cradle, and fed that pretty mouth with a spoon! Did not I work that waistcoat to make you genteel? Did not I prescribe for you every day, and weep while the receipt was operating? 25

TONY. Ecod! you had reason to weep, for you have been dosing me ever since I was born. I have gone through every receipt in the Complete Huswife ten times over; and you have thoughts of coursing me through Quincy next spring. But, ecod! I tell you, I'll not be made a fool of no longer. 30

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Wasn't it all for your good, viper? Wasn't it all for your good?

TONY. I wish you'd let me and my good alone, then. Snubbing this way when I'm in spirits! If I'm to have any good, let it come of itself; not to keep dinging it, dinging it into one so.

5 MRS. HARDCASTLE. That's false; I never see you when you're in spirits. No, Tony, you then go to the alehouse or kennel. I'm never to be delighted with your agreeable wild notes, unfeeling monster!

TONY. Ecod! mamma, your own notes are the wildest of
10 the two.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Was ever the like? But I see he wants to break my heart; I see he does.

HASTINGS. Dear madam, permit me to lecture the young gentleman a little. I'm certain I can persuade him to his
15 duty.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Well, I must retire. Come, Constance, my love. You see, Mr. Hastings, the wretchedness of my situation. Was ever poor woman so plagued with a dear, sweet, pretty, provoking, undutiful boy?

[*Exeunt* MRS. HARDCASTLE and MISS NEVILLE]

20 TONY. [*Singing*] *There was a young man riding by, and fain would have his will. Rang do didlo dee.* — Don't mind her. Let her cry. It's the comfort of her heart. I have seen her and sister cry over a book for an hour together; and they said they liked the book the better the more it made them cry.

25 HASTINGS. Then you're no friend to the ladies, I find, my pretty young gentleman?

TONY. That's as I find 'um.

HASTINGS. Not to her of your mother's choosing, I dare answer? And she appears to me a pretty, well-tempered girl.

30 TONY. That's because you don't know her as well as I. Ecod! I know every inch about her; and there's not a more bitter, cantankerous toad in all Christendom.

HASTINGS. [*Aside*] Pretty encouragement, this, for a lover.

TONY. I have seen her since the height of that. She has as many tricks as a hare in a thicket, or a colt the first day's breaking.

HASTINGS. To me she appears sensible and silent. 5

TONY. Ay, before company. But when she's with her play-mates, she's as loud as a hog in a gate.

HASTINGS. But there is a meek modesty about her that charms me.

TONY. Yes, but curb her never so little, she kicks up, and 10 you're flung in a ditch.

HASTINGS. Well, but you must allow her a little beauty. — Yes, you must allow her some beauty.

TONY. Bandbox! She's all a made-up thing, mun. Ah! could you but see Bet Bouncer of these parts, you might then 15 talk of beauty. Ecod! she has two eyes as black as sloes, and cheeks as broad and red as a pulpit cushion. She'd make two of she.

HASTINGS. Well, what say you to a friend that would take this bitter bargain off your hands? 20

TONY. Anan!

HASTINGS. Would you thank him that would take Miss Neville, and leave you to happiness and your dear Betsy?

TONY. Ay; but where is there such a friend, for who would take *her*? 25

HASTINGS. I am he. If you but assist me, I'll engage to whip her off to France, and you shall never hear more of her.

TONY. Assist you! Ecod I will, to the last drop of my blood. I'll clap a pair of horses to your chaise that shall trundle you 30 off in a twinkling, and maybe get you a part of her fortin besides, in jewels, that you little dream of.

HASTINGS. My dear Squire, this looks like a lad of spirit.

TONY. Come along then, and you shall see more of my spirit
before you have done with me. [Singing]

We are the boys

That fears no noise

5

Where the thundering cannons roar. [Exeunt]

ACT THE THIRD

SCENE. *The house*

Enter HARDCASTLE

HARDCASTLE. What could my old friend Sir Charles mean by recommending his son as the modestest young man in town? To me he appears the most impudent piece of brass that ever spoke with a tongue. He has taken possession of the easy-chair by the fireside already. He took off his boots in the parlor, and desired me to see them taken care of. I'm desirous to know how his impudence affects my daughter. She will certainly be shocked at it. 5

Enter MISS HARDCASTLE, *plainly dressed*

HARDCASTLE. Well, my Kate, I see you have changed your dress, as I bid you; and yet, I believe, there was no great occasion. 10

MISS HARDCASTLE. I find such a pleasure, sir, in obeying your commands, that I take care to observe them without ever debating their propriety.

HARDCASTLE. And yet, Kate, I sometimes give you some cause, particularly when I recommended my *modest* gentleman to you as a lover to-day. 15

MISS HARDCASTLE. You taught me to expect something extraordinary, and I find the original exceeds the description.

HARDCASTLE. I was never so surprised in my life! He has quite confounded all my faculties. 20

MISS HARDCASTLE. I never saw anything like it ; and a man of the world, too !

HARDCASTLE. Ay, he learned it all abroad ; what a fool was I, to think a young man could learn modesty by traveling. He
5 might as soon learn wit at a masquerade.

MISS HARDCASTLE. It seems all natural to him.

HARDCASTLE. A good deal assisted by bad company and a French dancing master.

MISS HARDCASTLE. Sure, you mistake, papa. A French
10 dancing master could never have taught him that timid look — that awkward address — that bashful manner.

HARDCASTLE. Whose look, whose manner, child ?

MISS HARDCASTLE. Mr. Marlow's : his *mauvaise honte*, his timidity, struck me at the first sight.

15 HARDCASTLE. Then your first sight deceived you ; for I think him one of the most brazen first sights that ever astonished my senses.

MISS HARDCASTLE. Sure, sir, you rally ! I never saw anyone so modest.

20 HARDCASTLE. And can you be serious ! I never saw such a bouncing, swaggering puppy since I was born. Bully Dawson was but a fool to him.

MISS HARDCASTLE. Surprising ! He met me with a respectful bow, a stammering voice, and a look fixed on the ground.

25 HARDCASTLE. He met me with a loud voice, a lordly air, and a familiarity that made my blood freeze again.

MISS HARDCASTLE. He treated me with diffidence and respect ; censured the manners of the age ; admired the prudence of girls that never laughed ; tired me with apologies for
30 being tiresome ; then left the room with a bow, and " Madam, I would not for the world detain you."

HARDCASTLE. He spoke to me as if he knew me all his life before ; asked twenty questions, and never waited for an

answer ; interrupted my best remarks with some silly pun ; and when I was in my best story of the Duke of Marlborough and Prince Eugene, he asked if I had not a good hand at making punch. Yes, Kate, he asked your father if he was a maker of punch !

5

MISS HARDCASTLE. One of us must certainly be mistaken.

HARDCASTLE. If he be what he has shown himself, I'm determined he shall never have my consent.

MISS HARDCASTLE. And if he be the sullen thing I take him, he shall never have mine.

10

HARDCASTLE. In one thing then we are agreed — to reject him.

MISS HARDCASTLE. Yes — but upon conditions. For if you should find him less impudent, and I more presuming ; if you find him more respectful, and I more importunate — I don't know — the fellow is well enough for a man — Certainly we 15 don't meet many such at a horse race in the country.

HARDCASTLE. If we should find him so — But that's impossible. The first appearance has done my business. I'm seldom deceived in that.

MISS HARDCASTLE. And yet there may be many good quali- 20 ties under that first appearance.

HARDCASTLE. Ay, when a girl finds a fellow's outside to her taste, she then sets about guessing the rest of his furniture. With her a smooth face stands for good sense, and a genteel figure for every virtue.

25

MISS HARDCASTLE. I hope, sir, a conversation begun with a compliment to my good sense won't end with a sneer at my understanding !

HARDCASTLE. Pardon me, Kate. But if young Mr. Brazen can find the art of reconciling contradictions, he may please us 30 both, perhaps.

MISS HARDCASTLE. And as one of us must be mistaken, what if we go to make farther discoveries ?

HARDCASTLE. Agreed. But depend on 't, I'm in the right.

MISS HARDCASTLE. And, depend on 't, I'm not much in the wrong. [Exeunt]

Enter TONY, running in with a casket

TONY. Ecod! I have got them. Here they are. My cousin
5 Con's necklaces, bobs and all. My mother shan't cheat the
poor souls out of their fortin neither. Oh! my genius, is that
you?

Enter HASTINGS

HASTINGS. My dear friend, how have you managed with
your mother? I hope you have amused her with pretending
10 love for your cousin, and that you are willing to be reconciled
at last? Our horses will be refreshed in a short time, and we
shall soon be ready to set off.

TONY. And here's something to bear your charges by the
way;—[*giving the casket*] your sweetheart's jewels. Keep
15 them; and hang those, I say, that would rob you of one of
them!

HASTINGS. But how have you procured them from your
mother?

TONY. Ask me no questions, and I'll tell you no fibs. I
20 procured them by the rule of thumb. If I had not a key to
every drawer in my mother's bureau, how could I go to the
alehouse so often as I do? An honest man may rob himself
of his own at any time.

HASTINGS. Thousands do it every day. But, to be plain with
25 you, Miss Neville is endeavoring to procure them from her aunt
this very instant. If she succeeds, it will be the most delicate
way, at least, of obtaining them.

TONY. Well, keep them, till you know how it will be. But
I know how it will be well enough; she'd as soon part with the
30 only sound tooth in her head.

HASTINGS. But I dread the effects of her resentment when she finds she has lost them.

TONY. Never you mind her resentment; leave *me* to manage that. I don't value her resentment the bounce of a cracker. Zounds! here they are! Morrice! Prance! 5

[*Exit HASTINGS*]

Enter MRS. HARDCASTLE and MISS NEVILLE

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Indeed, Constance, you amaze me. Such a girl as you want jewels? It will be time enough for jewels, my dear, twenty years hence, when your beauty begins to want repairs.

MISS NEVILLE. But what will repair beauty at forty will 10 certainly improve it at twenty, madam.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Yours, my dear, can admit of none. That natural blush is beyond a thousand ornaments. Besides, child, jewels are quite out at present. Don't you see half the ladies of our acquaintance, my Lady Kill-day-light, and 15 Mrs. Crump, and the rest of them, carry their jewels to town, and bring nothing but paste and marcasites back?

MISS NEVILLE. But who knows, madam, but somebody that shall be nameless would like me best with all my little finery about me? 20

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Consult your glass, my dear, and then see if, with such a pair of eyes, you want any better sparklers. What do you think, Tony, my dear? Does your cousin Con want any jewels, in your eyes, to set off her beauty?

TONY. That's as hereafter may be. 25

MISS NEVILLE. My dear aunt, if you knew how it would oblige me.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. A parcel of old-fashioned rose and table-cut things. They would make you look like the court of King Solomon at a puppet show. Besides, I believe I can't 30

readily come at them. They may be missing, for aught I know to the contrary.

TONY. [*Apart to MRS. HARDCASTLE*] Then why don't you tell her so at once, as she's so longing for them? Tell her
5 they're lost. It's the only way to quiet her. Say they're lost, and call me to bear witness.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. [*Apart to TONY*] You know, my dear, I'm only keeping them for you. So if I say they're gone, you'll bear me witness, will you? He! he! he!

10 TONY. Never fear me. Ecod! I'll say I saw them taken out with my own eyes.

MISS NEVILLE. I desire them but for a day, madam; just to be permitted to show them as relics, and then they may be locked up again.

15 MRS. HARDCASTLE. To be plain with you, my dear Constance, if I could find them you should have them. They're missing, I assure you. Lost, for aught I know; but we must have patience, wherever they are.

MISS NEVILLE. I'll not believe it; this is but a shallow pre-
20 tense to deny me. I know they are too valuable to be so slightly kept, and as you are to answer for the loss —

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Don't be alarmed, Constance. If they be lost, I must restore an equivalent. But my son knows they are missing, and not to be found.

25 TONY. That I can bear witness to. They are missing, and not to be found; I'll take my oath on't.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. You must learn resignation, my dear; for though we lose our fortune, yet we should not lose our patience. See me, how calm I am.

30 MISS NEVILLE. Ay, people are generally calm at the misfortunes of others.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Now, I wonder a girl of your good sense should waste a thought upon such trumpery. We shall

soon find them ; and in the meantime you shall make use of my garnets till your jewels be found.

MISS NEVILLE. I detest garnets !

MRS. HARDCASTLE. The most becoming things in the world to set off a clear complexion. You have often seen how well 5 they look upon me. You *shall* have them. *[Exit]*

MISS NEVILLE. I dislike them of all things. — You shan't stir. Was ever anything so provoking, — to mislay my own jewels, and force me to wear her trumpery ?

TONY. Don't be a fool. If she gives you the garnets take 10 what you can get. The jewels are your own already. I have stolen them out of her bureau, and she does not know it. Fly to your spark ; he'll tell you more of the matter. Leave me to manage *her*.

MISS NEVILLE. My dear cousin ! 15

TONY. Vanish. She's here, and has missed them already.

[Exit MISS NEVILLE]

Zounds ! how she fidgets and spits about like a Catherine wheel.

Enter MRS. HARDCASTLE

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Confusion ! thieves ! robbers ! we are cheated, plundered, broke open, undone !

TONY. What's the matter, what's the matter, mamma ? I 20 hope nothing has happened to any of the good family ?

MRS. HARDCASTLE. We are robbed. My bureau has been broke open, the jewels taken out, and I'm undone !

TONY. Oh ! is that all ! Ha ! ha ! ha ! By the laws, I never saw it better acted in my life. Ecod, I thought you was ruined 25 in earnest, ha, ha, ha !

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Why, boy, I *am* ruined in earnest. My bureau has been broke open, and all taken away.

TONY. Stick to that ; ha, ha, ha ! stick to that. I'll bear witness, you know ! call me to bear witness. 30

MRS. HARDCASTLE. I tell you, Tony, by all that's precious, the jewels are gone, and I shall be ruined forever.

TONY. Sure I know they are gone, and I am to say so.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. My dearest Tony, but hear me. They're
5 gone, I say.

TONY. By the laws, mamma, you make me for to laugh, ha! ha! I know who took them well enough, ha! ha! ha!

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Was there ever such a blockhead, that can't tell the difference between jest and earnest? I can tell
10 you I'm not in jest, booby.

TONY. That's right, that's right! You must be in a bitter passion, and then nobody will suspect either of us. I'll bear witness that they are gone.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Was there ever such a cross-grained
15 brute, that won't hear me? Can you bear witness that you're no better than a fool? Was ever poor woman so beset with fools on one hand, and thieves on the other?

TONY. I can bear witness to that.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Bear witness again, you blockhead, you,
20 and I'll turn you out of the room directly. My poor niece, what will become of *her*? Do you laugh, you unfeeling brute, as if you enjoyed my distress?

TONY. I can bear witness to that.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Do you insult me, monster? I'll teach
25 you to vex your mother, I will!

TONY. I can bear witness to that.

[He runs off; she follows him]

Enter MISS HARDCASTLE and MAID

MISS HARDCASTLE. What an unaccountable creature is that brother of mine, to send them to the house as an inn; ha! ha! I don't wonder at his impudence.

30 MAID. But what is more, madam, the young gentleman, as

you passed by in your present dress, asked me if you were the barmaid. He mistook you for the barmaid, madam!

MISS HARDCASTLE. Did he? Then, as I live, I'm resolved to keep up the delusion. Tell me, Pimple, how do you like my present dress? Don't you think I look something like Cherry 5 in the *Beaux' Stratagem*?

MAID. It's the dress, madam, that every lady wears in the country, but when she visits or receives company.

MISS HARDCASTLE. And are you sure he does not remember my face or person? 10

MAID. Certain of it.

MISS HARDCASTLE. I vow I thought so; for though we spoke for some time together, yet his fears were such that he never once looked up during the interview. Indeed, if he had, my bonnet would have kept him from seeing me. 15

MAID. But what do you hope from keeping him in his mistake?

MISS HARDCASTLE. In the first place, I shall be *seen*, and that is no small advantage to a girl who brings her face to market. Then I shall perhaps make an acquaint- 20 ancc, and that's no small victory gained over one who never addresses any but the wildest of her sex. But my chief aim is to take my gentleman off his guard, and, like an invisible champion of romance, examine the giant's force before I offer to combat. 25

MAID. But are you sure you can act your part, and disguise your voice so that he may mistake that, as he has already mistaken your person?

MISS HARDCASTLE. Never fear me. I think I have got the true bar cant — Did your honor call? — Attend the Lion there. 30 — Pipes and tobacco for the Angel. — The Lamb has been outrageous this half hour!

MAID. It will do, madam. But he's here. [Exit MAID]

Enter MARLOW

MARLOW. What a bawling in every part of the house! I have scarce a moment's repose. If I go to the best room, there I find my host and his story; if I fly to the gallery, there we have my hostess with her curtsy down to the ground. I have
5 at last got a moment to myself, and now for recollection.
[*Walks and muses*]

MISS HARDCASTLE. Did you call, sir? Did your honor call?

MARLOW. [*Musing*] As for Miss Hardcastle, she's too grave and sentimental for me.

MISS HARDCASTLE. Did your honor call? [*She still places herself before him, he turning away*]

10 MARLOW. No, child. [*Musing*] Besides, from the glimpse I had of her, I think she squints.

MISS HARDCASTLE. I'm sure, sir, I heard the bell ring.

MARLOW. No, no. [*Musing*] I have pleased my father, however, by coming down, and I'll to-morrow please myself
15 by returning. [*Taking out his tablets and perusing*]

MISS HARDCASTLE. Perhaps the other gentleman called, sir?

MARLOW. I tell you no.

MISS HARDCASTLE. I should be glad to know, sir. We have such a parcel of servants.

20 MARLOW. No, no, I tell you. [*Looks full in her face*] Yes, child, I think I did call. I wanted — I wanted — I vow, child, you are vastly handsome.

MISS HARDCASTLE. Oh, la, sir, you'll make one ashamed.

MARLOW. Never saw a more sprightly, malicious eye. Yes,
25 yes, my dear, I did call. Have you got any of your — a — what d' ye call it, in the house?

MISS HARDCASTLE. No, sir, we have been out of that these ten days.

MARLOW. One may call in this house, I find, to very little purpose. Suppose I should call for a taste, just by way of trial, of the nectar of your lips ; perhaps I might be disappointed in that too.

MISS HARDCASTLE. Nectar ? nectar ? That 's a liquor there 's 5
no call for in these parts. French, I suppose. We keep no French wines here, sir.

MARLOW. Of true English growth, I assure you.

MISS HARDCASTLE. Then it 's odd I should not know it.
We brew all sorts of wines in this house, and I have lived here 10
these eighteen years.

MARLOW. Eighteen years ! Why, one would think, child,
you kept the bar before you were born. How old are you ?


MISS HARDCASTLE. Oh, sir, I must not tell my age. They
say women and music should never be dated. 15

MARLOW. To guess at this distance, you can't be much
above forty. [*Approaching*] Yet nearer, I don't think so much.
[*Approaching*] By coming close to some women, they look
younger still ; but when we come very close indeed — [*At-*
tempting to kiss her]

MISS HARDCASTLE. Pray, sir, keep your distance. One would 20
think you wanted to know one's age as they do horses, by mark of mouth.

MARLOW. I protest, child, you use me extremely ill. If you
keep me at this distance, how is it possible you and I can be
ever acquainted ? 25

MISS HARDCASTLE. And who wants to be acquainted with
you ? I want no such acquaintance, not I. I'm sure you did
not treat Miss Hardcastle, that was here a while ago, in this
obstropolous manner. I'll warrant me, before her you looked
dashed, and kept bowing to the ground, and talked, for all the 30
world, as if you was before a justice of peace.



MARLOW. [*Aside*] Egad, she has hit it, sure enough! [*To her*] In awe of her, child? Ha! ha! ha! A mere awkward, squinting thing! No, no. I find you don't know me. I laughed and rallied her a little; but I was unwilling to be too severe.

5 No, I could not be too severe, curse me!

MISS HARDCASTLE. Oh, then, sir, you are a favorite, I find, among the ladies!

MARLOW. Yes, my dear, a great favorite. And yet, hang me, I don't see what they find in me to follow. At the Ladies' 10 Club in town I'm called their agreeable Rattle. Rattle, child, is not my real name, but one I'm known by. My name is Solomons; Mr. Solomons, my dear, at your service. [*Offering to salute her*]

MISS HARDCASTLE. Hold, sir, you are introducing me to your club, not to yourself. And you're so great a favorite 15 there, you say?

MARLOW. Yes, my dear. There's Mrs. Mantrap, Lady Betty Blackleg, the Countess of Sligo, Mrs. Langhorns, old Miss Biddy Buckskin, and your humble servant, keep up the spirit of the place.

20 MISS HARDCASTLE. Then it's a very merry place, I suppose?

MARLOW. Yes, as merry as cards, suppers, wine, and old women can make us.

MISS HARDCASTLE. And their agreeable Rattle, ha! ha! ha!

MARLOW. [*Aside*] Egad! I don't quite like this chit. She 25 looks knowing, methinks. — You laugh, child?

MISS HARDCASTLE. I can't but laugh to think what time they all have for minding their work, or their family.

MARLOW. [*Aside*] All's well; she don't laugh at me. [*To her*] Do *you* ever work, child?

30 MISS HARDCASTLE. Ay, sure. There's not a screen or a quilt in the whole house but what can bear witness to that.



Marlow - "And why not now, my angel?"

MARLOW. Odso! then you must show me your embroidery. I embroider and draw patterns myself a little. If you want a judge of your work, you must apply to me. [*Seizing her hand*]

Enter HARDCASTLE, who stands in surprise

MISS HARDCASTLE. Ay, but the colors don't look well by candlelight. You shall see it all in the morning. [*Struggling*] 5

MARLOW. And why not now, my angel? Such beauty fires beyond the power of resistance. Pshaw! the father here! My old luck; I never nicked seven that I did not throw ambace three times following. [*Exit MARLOW*] 10

HARDCASTLE. So, madam! So I find *this* is your *modest* 10 lover. This is your humble admirer, that kept his eyes fixed on the ground, and only adored at humble distance. Kate, Kate, art thou not ashamed to deceive your father so?

MISS HARDCASTLE. Never trust me, dear papa, but he's still the modest man I first took him for; you'll be convinced 15 of it as well as I.

HARDCASTLE. By the hand of my body, I believe his impudence is infectious! Did n't I see him seize your hand? Did n't I see him haul you about like a milkmaid? And now you talk of his respect and his modesty, forsooth! 20

MISS HARDCASTLE. But if I shortly convince you of his modesty, that he has only the faults that will pass off with time, and the virtues that will improve with age, I hope you'll forgive him.

HARDCASTLE. The girl would actually make one run mad! 25 I tell you I'll not be convinced. I am convinced. He has scarcely been three hours in the house, and he has already encroached on all my prerogatives. You may like his impudence, and call it modesty; but my son-in-law, madam, must have very different qualifications. 30

MISS HARDCASTLE. Sir, I ask but this night to convince you.

HARDCASTLE. You shall not have half the time, for I have thoughts of turning him out this very hour.

MISS HARDCASTLE. Give me that hour, then, and I hope to
5 satisfy you.

HARDCASTLE. Well, an hour let it be then. But I'll have no trifling with your father. All fair and open; do you mind me?

MISS HARDCASTLE. I hope, sir, you have ever found that
I considered your commands as my pride; for your kindness
10 is such that my duty as yet has been inclination. [*Exeunt*]

ACT THE FOURTH

SCENE. *The House*

Enter HASTINGS and MISS NEVILLE

HASTINGS. You surprise me! Sir Charles Marlow expected here this night? Where have you had your information?

MISS NEVILLE. You may depend upon it. I just saw his letter to Mr. Hardcastle, in which he tells him he intends setting out a few hours after his son.

HASTINGS. Then, my Constance, all must be completed before he arrives. He knows me; and should he find me here, would discover my name, and perhaps my designs, to the rest of the family.

MISS NEVILLE. The jewels, I hope, are safe?

HASTINGS. Yes, yes. I have sent them to Marlow, who keeps the keys of our baggage. In the meantime, I'll go to prepare matters for our elopement. I have had the Squire's promise of a fresh pair of horses; and, if I should not see him again, will write him further directions.

MISS NEVILLE. Well, success attend you! In the meantime, I'll go amuse my aunt with the old pretense of a violent passion for my cousin.

Enter MARLOW, *followed by a* SERVANT

MARLOW. I wonder what Hastings could mean by sending me so valuable a thing as a casket to keep for him, when he knows the only place I have is the seat of a post coach at an inn-door. Have you deposited the casket with the landlady, as I ordered you? Have you put it into her own hands?

SERVANT. Yes, your honor.

MARLOW. She said she'd keep it safe, did she?

SERVANT. Yes; she said she'd keep it safe enough. She asked me how I came by it; and she said she had a great mind
5 to make me give an account of myself. [*Exit* SERVANT]

MARLOW. Ha! ha! ha! They're safe, however. What an unaccountable set of beings have we got amongst! This little barmaid, though, runs in my head most strangely, and drives out the absurdities of all the rest of the family. She's mine,
10 she must be mine, or I'm greatly mistaken!

Enter HASTINGS

HASTINGS. Bless me! I quite forgot to tell her that I intended to prepare at the bottom of the garden. Marlow here, and in spirits too!

MARLOW. Give me joy, George! Crown me, shadow me
15 with laurels! Well, George, after all, we modest fellows don't want for success among the women.

HASTINGS. Some women, you mean. But what success has your honor's modesty been crowned with now, that it grows so insolent upon us?

20 MARLOW. Didn't you see the tempting, brisk, lovely little thing, that runs about the house with a bunch of keys to its girdle?

HASTINGS. Well, and what then?

MARLOW. She's mine, you rogue, you. Such fire, such
25 motion, such eyes, such lips — but, egad! she would not let me kiss them though.

HASTINGS. But are you sure, so very sure of her?

MARLOW. Why, man, she talked of showing me her work abovestairs, and I am to improve the pattern.

30 HASTINGS. But how can *you*, Charles, go about to rob a woman of her honor?

MARLOW. Pshaw! pshaw! We all know the honor of the barmaid of an inn. I don't intend to *rob* her, take my word for it; there's nothing in this house I shan't honestly *pay* for.

HASTINGS. I believe the girl has virtue.

MARLOW. And if she has, I should be the last man in the 5 world that would attempt to corrupt it.

HASTINGS. You have taken care, I hope, of the casket I sent you to lock up? It's in safety?

MARLOW. Yes, yes; it's safe enough. I have taken care of it. But how could you think the seat of a post coach at an inn 10 door a place of safety? Ah! numskull! I have taken better precautions for you than you did for yourself — I have —

HASTINGS. What?

MARLOW. I have sent it to the landlady to keep for you.

HASTINGS. To the landlady! 15

MARLOW. The landlady.

HASTINGS. You did?

MARLOW. I did. She's to be answerable for its forthcoming, you know.

HASTINGS. Yes, she'll bring it forth with a witness. 20

MARLOW. Wasn't I right? I believe you'll allow that I acted prudently upon this occasion.

HASTINGS. [*Aside*] He must not see my uneasiness.

MARLOW. You seem a little disconcerted, though, methinks. Sure nothing has happened? 25

HASTINGS. No, nothing. Never was in better spirits in all my life. And so you left it with the landlady, who, no doubt, very readily undertook the charge.

MARLOW. Rather too readily; for she not only kept the casket, but, through her great precaution, was going to keep 30 the messenger too. Ha! ha! ha!

HASTINGS. He! he! he! They're safe, however.

MARLOW. As a guinea in a miser's purse.

HASTINGS. [*Aside*] So now all hopes of fortune are at an end, and we must set off without it. [*To him*] Well, Charles, I'll leave you to your meditations on the pretty barmaid, and he! he! he! may you be as successful for yourself as you
5 have been for me! [*Exit*]

MARLOW. Thank ye, George; I ask no more. — Ha! ha! ha!

Enter HARDCASTLE

HARDCASTLE. I no longer know my own house. It's turned all topsy-turvy. His servants have got drunk already. I'll bear it no longer; and yet, from my respect for his father, I'll be
10 calm. [*To him*] Mr. Marlow, your servant. I'm your very humble servant. [*Bowing low*]

MARLOW. Sir, your humble servant. [*Aside*] What's to be the wonder now?

HARDCASTLE. I believe, sir, you must be sensible, sir, that
15 no man alive ought to be more welcome than your father's son, sir. I hope you think so?

MARLOW. I do from my soul, sir. I don't want much entreaty. I generally make my father's son welcome wherever he goes.

20 HARDCASTLE. I believe you do, from my soul, sir. But though I say nothing to your own conduct, that of your servants is insufferable. Their manner of drinking is setting a very bad example in this house, I assure you.

MARLOW. I protest, my very good sir, that is no fault of
25 mine. If they don't drink as they ought, *they* are to blame. I ordered them not to spare the cellar; I did, I assure you. [*To the side scene*] Here, let one of my servants come up. [*To him*] My positive directions were, that as I did not drink myself, they should make up for my deficiencies below.

30 HARDCASTLE. Then they had your orders for what they do? I'm satisfied!

MARLOW. They had, I assure you. You shall hear from one of themselves.

Enter SERVANT, drunk

MARLOW. You, Jeremy! Come forward, sirrah! What were my orders? Were you not told to drink freely, and call for what you thought fit, for the good of the house? 5

HARDCASTLE. [*Aside*] I begin to lose my patience.

JEREMY. Please your honor, liberty and Fleet Street forever! Though I'm but a servant, I'm as good as another man. I'll drink for no man before supper, sir, damme! Good liquor will sit upon a good supper, but a good supper will not sit upon — 10 hiccup — upon my conscience, sir. [*Exit*]

MARLOW. You see, my old friend, the fellow is as drunk as he can possibly be. I don't know what you'd have more, unless you'd have the poor devil soused in a beer barrel.

HARDCASTLE. Zounds! he'll drive me distracted, if I contain 15 myself any longer. Mr. Marlow, sir! I have submitted to your insolence for more than four hours, and I see no likelihood of its coming to an end. I'm now resolved to be master here, sir, and I desire that you and your drunken pack may leave my house directly. 20

MARLOW. Leave your house! — Sure, you jest, my good friend? What? when I am doing what I can to please you!

HARDCASTLE. I tell you, sir, you don't please me; so I desire you'll leave my house.

MARLOW. Sure you cannot be serious? at this time of night, 25 and such a night? You only mean to banter me.

HARDCASTLE. I tell you, sir, I'm serious! and now that my passions are roused, I say this house is mine, sir; this house is mine, and I command you to leave it directly.

MARLOW. Ha! ha! ha! A puddle in a storm. I shan't stir 30 a step, I assure you. [*In a serious tone*] This your house, fellow! It's my house. This is my house. Mine, while I

choose to stay. What right have you to bid me leave this house, sir? I never met with such impudence, curse me; never in my whole life before.

HARDCASTLE. Nor I, confound me if ever I did! To come
5 to my house, to call for what he likes, to turn me out of my own chair, to insult the family, to order his servants to get drunk, and then to tell me, "This house is mine, sir!" By all that's impudent, it makes me laugh. Ha! ha! ha! Pray, sir, [*bantering*] as you take the house, what think you of taking the
10 rest of the furniture? There's a pair of silver candlesticks, and there's a fire screen, and here's a pair of brazen-nosed bellows; perhaps you may take a fancy to them?

MARLOW. Bring me your bill, sir; bring me your bill, and let's make no more words about it.

15 HARDCASTLE. There are a set of prints, too. What think you of the *Rake's Progress* for your own apartment?

MARLOW. Bring me your bill, I say, and I'll leave you and your infernal house directly.

HARDCASTLE. Then there's a mahogany table that you may
20 see your face in.

MARLOW. My bill, I say.

HARDCASTLE. I had forgot the great chair for your own particular slumbers, after a hearty meal.

MARLOW. Zounds! bring me my bill, I say, and let's hear
25 no more on't.

HARDCASTLE. Young man, young man, from your father's letter to me, I was taught to expect a well-bred, modest man as a visitor here, but now I find him no better than a coxcomb and a bully; but he will be down here presently, and shall hear
30 more of it. [*Exit*]

MARLOW. How's this! Sure I have not mistaken the house? Everything looks like an inn; the servants cry "coming"; the attendance is awkward; the barmaid, too, to attend us. But

she's here, and will further inform me. — Whither so fast, child? A word with you.

Enter MISS HARDCASTLE

MISS HARDCASTLE. Let it be short, then. I'm in a hurry.
[*Aside*] I believe he begins to find out his mistake, but it's too soon quite to undeceive him. 5

MARLOW. Pray, child, answer me one question. What are you, and what may your business in this house be?

MISS HARDCASTLE. A relation of the family, sir.

MARLOW. What! a poor relation?

MISS HARDCASTLE. Yes, sir, a poor relation, appointed to 10 keep the keys, and to see that the guests want nothing in my power to give them.

MARLOW. That is, you act as the barmaid of this inn.

MISS HARDCASTLE. Inn! O law — what brought that into your head? One of the best families in the county keep an 15 inn! — Ha! ha! ha! old Mr. Hardcastle's house an inn!

MARLOW. Mr. Hardcastle's house! Is this house Mr. Hardcastle's house, child?

MISS HARDCASTLE. Ay, sure. Whose else should it be?

MARLOW. So, then, all's out, and I have been damnably 20 imposed on. Oh, confound my stupid head, I shall be laughed at over the whole town! I shall be stuck up in caricatura in all the print shops. The *Dullissimo-Macaroni*. To mistake this house of all others for an inn, and my father's old friend for an innkeeper! What a swaggering puppy must he take me 25 for! What a silly puppy do I find myself! There, again, may I be hanged, my dear, but I mistook you for the barmaid.

MISS HARDCASTLE. Dear me! dear me! I'm sure there's nothing in my *behaviour* to put me upon a level with one of that stamp. 30

MARLOW. Nothing, my dear, nothing. But I was in for a list of blunders, and could not help making you a subscriber.

My stupidity saw everything the wrong way. I mistook your assiduity for assurance, and your simplicity for allurements. But it's over — this house I no more show *my* face in.

MISS HARDCASTLE. I hope, sir, I have done nothing to dis-
5 oblige you. I'm sure I should be sorry to affront any gentleman who has been so polite, and said so many civil things to me. I'm sure I should be sorry [*pretending to cry*] if he left the family upon my account. I'm sure I should be sorry people said anything amiss, since I have no fortune but my character.

10 MARLOW. [*Aside*] By Heaven! she weeps! This is the first mark of tenderness I ever had from a modest woman, and it touches me. [*To her*] Excuse me, my lovely girl; you are the only part of the family I leave with reluctance. But, to be plain with you, the difference of our birth, fortune, and education,
15 make an honorable connection impossible; and I can never harbor a thought of seducing simplicity that trusted in my honor, or bringing ruin upon one whose only fault was being too lovely.

MISS HARDCASTLE. [*Aside*] Generous man! I now begin to
20 admire him. [*To him*] But I am sure my family is as good as Miss Hardcastle's; and though I'm poor, that's no great misfortune to a contented mind; and, until this moment, I never thought that it was bad to want fortune.

MARLOW. And why now, my pretty simplicity?

25 MISS HARDCASTLE. Because it puts me at a distance from one, that, if I had a thousand pound I would give it all to.

MARLOW. [*Aside*] This simplicity bewitches me so, that if I stay I'm undone. I must make one bold effort and leave her. [*To her*] Your partiality in my favor, my dear, touches me
30 most sensibly; and were I to live for myself alone, I could easily fix my choice. But I owe too much to the opinion of the world, too much to the authority of a father; so that — I can scarcely speak it — it affects me! Farewell. [*Exit*]

MISS HARDCASTLE. I never knew half his merit till now. He shall not go if I have power or art to detain him. I'll still preserve the character in which I *stooped to conquer*, but will undeceive my papa, who, perhaps, may laugh him out of his resolution. [Exit] 5

Enter TONY and MISS NEVILLE

TONY. Ay, you may steal for yourselves the next time. I have done my duty. She has got the jewels again, that's a sure thing; but she believes it was all a mistake of the servants.

MISS NEVILLE. But, my dear cousin, sure you won't forsake us in this distress? If she in the least suspects that I am going 10 off, I shall certainly be locked up, or sent to my aunt Pedigree's, which is ten times worse.

TONY. To be sure, aunts of all kinds are damned bad things. But what can I do? I have got you a pair of horses that will fly like Whistle Jacket; and I'm sure you can't say but I have 15 courted you nicely before her face. Here she comes; we must court a bit or two more, for fear she should suspect us.

[They retire and seem to fondle]

Enter MRS. HARDCASTLE

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Well, I was greatly fluttered, to be sure. But my son tells me it was all a mistake of the servants. I shan't be easy, however, till they are fairly married, and then 20 let her keep her own fortune. But what do I see? Fondling together, as I'm alive. I never saw Tony so sprightly before. Ah! have I caught you, my pretty doves? What, billing, exchanging stolen glances, and broken murmurs? Ah!

TONY. As for murmurs, mother, we grumble a little now 25 and then, to be sure. But there's no love lost between us.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. A mere sprinkling, Tony, upon the flame, only to make it burn brighter.

MISS NEVILLE. Cousin Tony promises to give us more of his company at home. Indeed, he shan't leave us any more. It won't leave us, Cousin Tony, will it?

TONY. Oh, it's a pretty creature! No, I'd sooner leave my
5 horse in a pound, than leave you when you smile upon one so. Your laugh makes you so becoming.

MISS NEVILLE. Agreeable cousin! Who can help admiring that natural humor, that pleasant, broad, red, thoughtless [*patting his cheek*], — ah! it's a bold face!

10 MRS. HARDCASTLE. Pretty innocence.

TONY. I'm sure I always loved cousin Con's hazel eyes, and her pretty long fingers, that she twists this way and that over the haspicholls, like a parcel of bobbins.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Ah! he would charm the bird from the
15 tree. I was never so happy before. My boy takes after his father, poor Mr. Lumpkin, exactly. The jewels, my dear Con, shall be yours incontinently. You shall have them. Isn't he a sweet boy, my dear? You shall be married to-morrow, and we'll put off the rest of his education, like Dr. Drowsy's sermons, to
20 a fitter opportunity.

Enter DIGGORY

DIGGORY. Where's the Squire? I have got a letter for your worship.

TONY. Give it to my mamma. She reads all my letters first.

DIGGORY. I had orders to deliver it into your own hands.

25 TONY. Who does it come from?

DIGGORY. Your worship mun ask that o' the letter itself.

[*Exit DIGGORY*]

TONY. I could wish to know, though. [*Turning the letter, and gazing on it*]

MISS NEVILLE. [*Aside*] Undone, undone! A letter to him from Hastings. I know the hand. If my aunt sees it, we are
30 ruined forever. I'll keep her employed a little if I can. [*To*



*Miss Neville — "Pray, aunt, let me read it. Nobody
reads a cramp hand better than I"*

MRS. HARDCASTLE.] But I have not told you, madam, of my cousin's smart answer just now to Mr. Marlow. We so laughed — you must know, madam — this way a little, for he must not hear us. [*They confer*]

TONY. [*Still gazing*] A damned cramp piece of penmanship 5 as ever I saw in my life. I can read your print-hand very well; but here there are such handles, and shanks, and dashes, that one can scarce tell the head from the tail. *To Anthony Lumpkin, Esquire.* It's very odd, I can read the outside of my letters, where my own name is, well enough. But when I come 10 to open it, it's all — buzz. That's hard, very hard; for the inside of the letter is always the cream of the correspondence.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Ha! ha! ha! Very well, very well. And so my son was too hard for the philosopher.

MISS NEVILLE. Yes, madam; but you must hear the rest, 15 madam. A little more this way, or he may hear us. You'll hear how he puzzled him again.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. He seems strangely puzzled now himself, methinks.

TONY. [*Still gazing*] A damned up-and-down hand, as if it 20 was disguised in liquor. [*Reading*] *Dear Sir,* — Ay, that's that. Then there's an *M*, and a *T*, and an *S*, but whether the next be an *izzard* or an *R*, confound me, I cannot tell!

MRS. HARDCASTLE. What's that, my dear; can I give you any assistance? 25

MISS NEVILLE. Pray, aunt, let me read it. Nobody reads a cramp hand better than I. [*Twitching the letter from her*] Do you know who it is from?

TONY. Can't tell, except from Dick Ginger, the feeder.

MISS NEVILLE. Ay, so it is. [*Pretending to read*] DEAR 30 SQUIRE; Hoping that you're in health, as I am at this present. The gentlemen of the Shake-bag club has cut the gentlemen of the Goose-green quite out of feather. The odds — um — odd

battle — um — long fighting — um — here, here, it's all about cocks, and fighting; it's of no consequence; here, put it up, put it up. [*Thrusting the crumpled letter upon him*]

TONY. But I tell you, miss, it's of all the consequence in
5 the world! I would not lose the rest of it for a guinea. Here, mother, do you make it out. Of no consequence! [*Giving Mrs. Hardcastle the letter*]

MRS. HARDCASTLE. How's this? [*Reads*] *Dear Squire, I'm now waiting for Miss Neville with a post chaise and pair,*
10 *at the bottom of the garden, but I find my horses yet unable to perform the journey. I expect you'll assist us with a pair of fresh horses, as you promised. Dispatch is necessary, as the hag* — ay, the hag — *your mother, will otherwise suspect us. Yours, Hastings.* Grant me patience. I shall run distracted! My rage
15 chokes me!

MISS NEVILLE. I hope, madam, you'll suspend your resentment for a few moments, and not impute to me any impertinence, or sinister design, that belongs to another.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. [*Curtsying very low*] Fine spoken,
20 madam; you are most miraculously polite and engaging, and quite the very pink of courtesy and circumspection, madam. [*Changing her tone*] And you, you great ill-fashioned oaf, with scarce sense enough to keep your mouth shut, — were you too joined against me? But I'll defeat all your plots in a moment.
25 As for you, madam, since you have got a pair of fresh horses ready, it would be cruel to disappoint them. So, if you please, instead of running away with your spark, prepare, this very moment, to run off with *me*. Your old aunt Pedigree will keep you secure, I'll warrant me. You, too, sir, may mount your
30 horse, and guard us upon the way. Here, Thomas, Roger, Diggory! I'll show you that I wish you better than you do yourselves. [*Exit*]

MISS NEVILLE. So, now I'm completely ruined.

TONY. Ay, that's a sure thing.

MISS NEVILLE. What better could be expected from being connected with such a stupid fool, — and after all the nods and signs I made him!

5

TONY. By the laws, miss, it was your own cleverness, and not my stupidity, that did your business. You were so nice and so busy with your Shake-bags and Goose-greens that I thought you could never be making believe.

Enter HASTINGS

HASTINGS. So, sir, I find by my servant that you have 10 shown my letter, and betrayed us. Was this well done, young gentleman?

TONY. Here's another. Ask miss, there, who betrayed you. Ecod! it was her doing, not mine.

Enter MARLOW

MARLOW. So, I have been finely used here among you. 15 Rendered contemptible, driven into ill manners, despised, insulted, laughed at.

TONY. Here's another. We shall have old Bedlam broke loose presently.

MISS NEVILLE. And there, sir, is the gentleman to whom 20 we all owe every obligation.

MARLOW. What can I say to him? A mere boy, an idiot, whose ignorance and age are a protection.

HASTINGS. A poor, contemptible booby, that would but disgrace correction. 25

MISS NEVILLE. Yet with cunning and malice enough to make himself merry with all our embarrassments.

HASTINGS. An insensible cub.

MARLOW. Replete with tricks and mischief.

TONY. Baw! damme, but I'll fight you both, one after the other, — with baskets.

MARLOW. As for him, he's below resentment. But your
5 conduct, Mr. Hastings, requires an explanation. You knew of my mistakes, yet would not undeceive me.

HASTINGS. Tortured as I am with my own disappointments, is this a time for explanations? It is not friendly, Mr. Marlow.

MARLOW. But, sir —

10 MISS NEVILLE. Mr. Marlow, we never kept on your mistake, till it was too late to undeceive you. Be pacified.

Enter SERVANT

SERVANT. My mistress desires you'll get ready immediately, madam. The horses are putting to. Your hat and things are in the next room. We are to go thirty miles before morning.

[Exit SERVANT]

15 MISS NEVILLE. Well, well, I'll come presently.

MARLOW. *[To HASTINGS]* Was it well done, sir, to assist in rendering me ridiculous? To hang me out for the scorn of all my acquaintance? Depend upon it, sir, I shall expect an explanation.

20 HASTINGS. Was it well done, sir, if you're upon that subject, to deliver what I intrusted to yourself to the care of another, sir?

MISS NEVILLE. Mr. Hastings! Mr. Marlow! Why will you increase my distress by this groundless dispute? I implore, I
25 entreat you —

Enter SERVANT

SERVANT. Your cloak, madam. My mistress is impatient.

MISS NEVILLE. I come.

[Exit SERVANT]

Pray, be pacified. If I leave you thus, I shall die with apprehension!

Enter SERVANT

SERVANT. Your fan, muff, and gloves, madam. The horses are waiting. *[Exit SERVANT]*

MISS NEVILLE. Oh, Mr. Marlow! if you knew what a scene of constraint and ill nature lies before me, I am sure it would convert your resentment into pity. 5

MARLOW. I'm so distracted with a variety of passions that I don't know what I do. Forgive me, madam. George, forgive me. You know my hasty temper, and should not exasperate it.

HASTINGS. The torture of my situation is my only excuse.

MISS NEVILLE. Well, my dear Hastings, if you have that 10 esteem for me that I think, that I am sure you have, your constancy for three years will but increase the happiness of our future connection. If—

MRS. HARDCASTLE. *[Within]* Miss Neville! Constance! why, Constance, I say! 15

MISS NEVILLE. I'm coming! Well, constancy. Remember, constancy is the word. *[Exit]*

HASTINGS. My heart! how can I support this! To be so near happiness, and such happiness!

MARLOW. *[To TONY]* You see now, young gentleman, the 20 effects of your folly. What might be amusement to you is here disappointment, and even distress.

TONY. *[From a reverie]* Ecod, I have hit it. It's here! Your hands. Yours, and yours, my poor Sulky.—My boots there, ho!—Meet me, two hours hence, at the bottom of the 25 garden; and if you don't find Tony Lumpkin a more good-natured fellow than you thought for, I'll give you leave to take my best horse, and Bet Bouncer into the bargain! Come along. My boots, ho! *[Exeunt]*

ACT THE FIFTH

SCENE I. *The house*

Enter HASTINGS and SERVANT

HASTINGS. You saw the old lady and Miss Neville drive off, you say?

SERVANT. Yes, your honor. They went off in a post coach, and the young Squire went on horseback. They 're thirty miles
5 off by this time.

HASTINGS. Then all my hopes are over.

SERVANT. Yes, sir. Old Sir Charles is arrived. He and the old gentleman of the house have been laughing at Mr. Marlow's mistake this half hour. They are coming this way. [*Exit*]

10 HASTINGS. Then I must not be seen. So now to my fruitless appointment at the bottom of the garden. This is about the time. [*Exit*]

Enter SIR CHARLES MARLOW and HARDCASTLE

HARDCASTLE. Ha! ha! ha! The peremptory tone in which he sent forth his sublime commands!

15 SIR CHARLES. And the reserve with which I suppose he treated all your advances.

HARDCASTLE. And yet he might have seen something in me above a common innkeeper, too.

SIR CHARLES. Yes, Dick, but he mistook you for an uncommon innkeeper; ha! ha! ha!
20

HARDCASTLE. Well, I'm in too good spirits to think of anything but joy. Yes, my dear friend, this union of our families

will make our personal friendships hereditary ; and though my daughter's fortune is but small —

SIR CHARLES. Why, Dick, will you talk of fortune to *me*? My son is possessed of more than a competence already, and can want nothing but a good and virtuous girl to share his 5 happiness and increase it. If they like each other, as you say they do —

HARDCASTLE. *If*, man! I tell you they *do* like each other. My daughter as good as told me so.

SIR CHARLES. But girls are apt to flatter themselves, you 10 know.

HARDCASTLE. I saw him grasp her hand in the warmest manner, myself ; and here he comes to put you out of your *ifs*, I warrant him.

Enter MARLOW

MARLOW. I come, sir, once more, to ask pardon for my 15 strange conduct. I can scarce reflect on my insolence without confusion.

HARDCASTLE. Tut, boy, a trifle. You take it too gravely. An hour or two's laughing with my daughter will set all to rights again. She'll never like you the worse for it. 20

MARLOW. Sir, I shall be always proud of her approbation.

HARDCASTLE. Approbation is but a cold word, Mr. Marlow ; if I am not deceived, you have something more than approbation thereabouts. You take me?

MARLOW. Really, sir, I have not that happiness. 25

HARDCASTLE. Come, boy, I'm an old fellow, and know what's what as well as you that are younger. I know what has passed between you ; but mum.

MARLOW. Sure, sir, nothing has passed between us but the most profound respect on my side, and the most distant reserve 30 on hers. You don't think, sir, that my impudence has been passed upon all the rest of the family?

HARDCASTLE. Impudence ! No, I don't say that — not quite impudence — though girls like to be played with, and rumped a little, too, sometimes. But she has told no tales, I assure you.

MARLOW. I never gave her the slightest cause.

5 HARDCASTLE. Well, well, I like modesty in its place well enough ; but this is overacting, young gentleman. You *may* be open. Your father and I will like you the better for it.

MARLOW. May I die, sir, if I ever —

HARDCASTLE. I tell you she don't dislike you ; and as I am
10 sure you like her —

MARLOW. Dear sir, — I protest, sir —

HARDCASTLE. I see no reason why you should not be joined as fast as the parson can tie you.

MARLOW. But hear me, sir —

15 HARDCASTLE. Your father approves the match ; I admire it ; every moment's delay will be doing mischief ; so —

MARLOW. But why won't you hear me ? By all that's just and true, I never gave Miss Hardcastle the slightest mark of my attachment, or even the most distant hint to suspect me
20 of affection. We had but one interview, and that was formal, modest, and uninteresting.

HARDCASTLE. [*Aside*] This fellow's formal, modest impudence is beyond bearing.

SIR CHARLES. And you never grasped her hand, or made
25 any protestations ?

MARLOW. As heaven is my witness, I came down in obedience to your commands. I saw the lady without emotion, and parted without reluctance. I hope you'll exact no further proofs of my duty, nor prevent me from leaving a house in which I
30 suffer so many mortifications. [*Exit*]

SIR CHARLES. I'm astonished at the air of sincerity with which he parted.

HARDCASTLE. And I'm astonished at the deliberate intrepidity of his assurance.

SIR CHARLES. I dare pledge my life and honor upon his truth.

HARDCASTLE. Here comes my daughter, and I would stake my happiness upon her veracity.

Enter MISS HARDCASTLE

HARDCASTLE. Kate, come hither, child. Answer us sincerely, and without reserve; has Mr. Marlow made you any professions of love and affection?

MISS HARDCASTLE. The question is very abrupt, sir. But since you require unreserved sincerity, I think he has.

HARDCASTLE. [*To* SIR CHARLES] You see.

SIR CHARLES. And pray, madam, have you and my son had more than one interview?

MISS HARDCASTLE. Yes, sir, several. 15

HARDCASTLE. [*To* SIR CHARLES] You see.

SIR CHARLES. But did he profess any attachment?

MISS HARDCASTLE. A lasting one.

SIR CHARLES. Did he talk of love?

MISS HARDCASTLE. Much, sir. 20

SIR CHARLES. Amazing! And all this formally?

MISS HARDCASTLE. Formally.

HARDCASTLE. Now, my friend, I hope you are satisfied.

SIR CHARLES. And how did he behave, madam?

MISS HARDCASTLE. As most professed admirers do; said some civil things of my face; talked much of his want of merit, and the greatness of mine; mentioned his heart, gave a short tragedy speech, and ended with pretended rapture.

SIR CHARLES. Now I'm perfectly convinced, indeed. I know his conversation among women to be modest and submissive. 30

This forward, canting, ranting manner by no means describes him, and, I am confident, he never sate for the picture.

MISS HARDCASTLE. Then what, sir, if I should convince you to your face of my sincerity? If you and my papa, in about
5 half an hour, will place yourselves behind that screen, you shall hear him declare his passion to me in person.

SIR CHARLES. Agreed. And if I find him what you describe, all my happiness in him must have an end. [Exit]

MISS HARDCASTLE. And if you don't find him what I
10 describe — I fear my happiness must never have a beginning.

SCENE II. *The back of the garden*

Enter HASTINGS

HASTINGS. What an idiot am I to wait here for a fellow who probably takes a delight in mortifying me. He never intended to be punctual, and I'll wait no longer. What do I see? It is he, and perhaps with news of my Constance.

Enter TONY, booted and spattered

15 HASTINGS. My honest Squire! I now find you a man of your word. This looks like friendship.

TONY. Ay, I'm your friend, and the best friend you have in the world, if you knew but all. This riding by night, by the bye, is cursedly tiresome. It has shook me worse than the basket of
20 a stagecoach.

HASTINGS. But how? where did you leave your fellow travelers? Are they in safety? Are they housed?

TONY. Five and twenty miles in two hours and a half is no such bad driving. The poor beasts have smoked for it: rabbit
25 me! but I'd rather ride forty miles after a fox than ten with such varment.

HASTINGS. Well, but where have you left the ladies? I die with impatience.

TONY. Left them! Why, where should I leave them but where I found them?

HASTINGS. This is a riddle.

5

TONY. Riddle me this, then. What's that goes round the house, and round the house, and never touches the house?

HASTINGS. I'm still astray.

TONY. Why, that's it, mon. I have led them astray. By jingo, there's not a pond nor slough within five miles of the 10 place but they can tell the taste of.

HASTINGS. Ha! ha! ha! I understand; you took them in a round, while they supposed themselves going forward. And so you have at last brought them home again.

TONY. You shall hear. I first took them down Feather-bed 15 Lane, where we stuck fast in the mud. I then rattled them crack over the stones of Up-and-down Hill. I then introduced them to the gibbet on Heavy-tree Heath; and from that, with a circumbendibus, I fairly lodged them in the horsepond at the bottom of the garden.

20

HASTINGS. But no accident, I hope?

TONY. No, no; only mother is confoundedly frightened. She thinks herself forty miles off. She's sick of the journey; and the cattle can scarce crawl. So, if your own horses be ready, you may whip off with Cousin, and I'll be bound that 25 no soul here can budge a foot to follow you.

HASTINGS. My dear friend, how can I be grateful?

TONY. Ay, now it's "dear friend," "noble Squire." Just now, it was all "idiot," "cub," and run me through the guts. Damn *your* way of fighting, I say. After we take a knock in 30 this part of the country, we kiss and be friends. But if you had run me through the guts, then I should be dead, and you might go kiss the hangman.

HASTINGS. The rebuke is just. But I must hasten to relieve Miss Neville; if you keep the old lady employed, I promise to take care of the young one.

TONY. Never fear me. Here she comes. Vanish!

[*Exit* HASTINGS]

5 She's got from the pond, and draggled up to the waist like a mermaid.

Enter MRS. HARDCASTLE

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Oh, Tony, I'm killed! Shook! Battered to death! I shall never survive it. That last jolt, that laid us against the quickset hedge, has done my business.

10 TONY. Alack, mamma, it was all your own fault. You would be for running away by night, without knowing one inch of the way.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. I wish we were at home again. I never met so many accidents in so short a journey. Drenched in the
15 mud, overturned in a ditch, stuck fast in a slough, jolted to a jelly, and at last to lose our way! Whereabouts do you think we are, Tony?

TONY. By my guess, we should be upon Crack-skull Common, about forty miles from home.

20 MRS. HARDCASTLE. O lud! O lud! The most notorious spot in all the country. We only want a robbery to make a complete night on't.

TONY. Don't be afraid, mamma; don't be afraid. Two of the five that kept here are hanged, and the other three may
25 not find us. Don't be afraid. Is that a man that's galloping behind us? No, it's only a tree. Don't be afraid.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. The fright will certainly kill me.

TONY. Do you see anything like a black hat moving behind the thicket?

30 MRS. HARDCASTLE. Oh, death!

TONY. No, it's only a cow. Don't be afraid, mamma, don't be afraid.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. As I'm alive, Tony, I see a man coming towards us. Ah, I am sure on't! If he perceives us, we are undone.

5

TONY. [*Aside*] Father-in-law, by all that's unlucky, come to take one of his night walks. [*To her*] Ah, it's a highwayman, with pistols as long as my arm. A damned ill-looking fellow!

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Good Heaven defend us! He approaches.

10

TONY. Do you hide yourself in that thicket, and leave me to manage him. If there be any danger, I'll cough and cry hem. When I cough, be sure to keep close. [MRS. HARDCASTLE *hides behind a tree in the back scene*]

Enter HARDCASTLE

HARDCASTLE. I'm mistaken, or I heard voices of people in want of help. Oh, Tony, is that you? I did not expect you so soon back. Are your mother and her charge in safety?

15

TONY. Very safe, sir, at my aunt Pedigree's. Hem.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. [*From behind*] Ah, death! I find there's danger.

HARDCASTLE. Forty miles in three hours; sure that's too much, my youngster.

20

TONY. Stout horses and willing minds make short journeys, as they say. Hem.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. [*From behind*] Sure, he'll do the dear boy no harm.

25

HARDCASTLE. But I heard a voice here; I should be glad to know from whence it came.

TONY. It was I, sir, talking to myself, sir. I was saying that forty miles in four hours was very good going. Hem. As to

be sure it was. Hem. I have got a sort of cold by being out in the air. We'll go in, if you please. Hem.

HARDCASTLE. But if you talked to yourself, you did not answer yourself. I'm certain I heard two voices, and resolved
5 [*raising his voice*] to find the other out.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. [*From behind*] Oh! he's coming to find me out. Oh!

TONY. What need you go, sir, if I tell you? Hem. I'll lay down my life for the truth — hem — I'll tell you all, sir.
[*Detaining him*]

10 HARDCASTLE. I tell you I will not be detained. I insist on seeing. It's in vain to expect I'll believe you.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. [*Running forward from behind*] O lud! he'll murder my poor boy, my darling! Here, good gentleman, whet your rage upon me. Take my money, my life, but spare
15 that young gentleman; spare my child, if you have any mercy.

HARDCASTLE. My wife, as I'm a Christian! From whence can she come, or what does she mean?

MRS. HARDCASTLE. [*Kneeling*] Take compassion on us, good Mr. Highwayman. Take our money, our watches, all we
20 have, but spare our lives. We will never bring you to justice; indeed we won't, good Mr. Highwayman.

HARDCASTLE. I believe the woman's out of her senses. What, Dorothy, don't you know *me*?

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Mr. Hardcastle, as I'm alive! My fears
25 blinded me. But who, my dear, could have expected to meet you here, in this frightful place, so far from home? What has brought you to follow us?

HARDCASTLE. Sure, Dorothy, you have not lost your wits? So far from home, when you are within forty yards of your own
30 door! [*To him*] This is one of your old tricks, you graceless rogue, you! [*To her*] Don't you know the gate, and the mulberry tree; and don't you remember the horsepond, my dear?

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Yes, I shall remember the horsepond as long as I live; I have caught my death in it. [*To TONY*] And is it to you, you graceless varlet, I owe all this? I'll teach you to abuse your mother, I will.

TONY. Ecod, mother, all the parish says you have spoiled 5 me, so you may take the fruits on't.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. I'll spoil you, I will.

[*Follows him off the stage. Exit*]

HARDCASTLE. There's morality, however, in his reply.

[*Exit*]

Enter HASTINGS and MISS NEVILLE

HASTINGS. My dear Constance, why will you deliberate thus? If we delay a moment, all is lost forever. Pluck up a little res- 10 olution, and we shall soon be out of the reach of her malignity.

MISS NEVILLE. I find it impossible. My spirits are so sunk with the agitations I have suffered, that I am unable to face any new danger. Two or three years' patience will at last crown us with happiness. 15

HASTINGS. Such a tedious delay is worse than inconstancy. Let us fly, my charmer! Let us date our happiness from this very moment. Perish fortune. Love and content will increase what we possess beyond a monarch's revenue. Let me prevail!

MISS NEVILLE. No, Mr. Hastings, no. Prudence once more 20 comes to my relief, and I will obey its dictates. In the moment of passion, fortune may be despised, but it ever produces a lasting repentance. I'm resolved to apply to Mr. Hardcastle's compassion and justice for redress.

HASTINGS. But though he had the will he has not the power 25 to relieve you.

MISS NEVILLE. But he has influence, and upon that I am resolved to rely.

HASTINGS. I have no hopes. But, since you persist, I must reluctantly obey you. [*Exeunt*] 30

SCENE III. *The House*

Enter SIR CHARLES MARLOW *and* MISS HARDCASTLE

SIR CHARLES. What a situation am I in! If what you say appears, I shall then find a guilty son. If what he says be true, I shall then lose one that, of all others, I most wished for a daughter.

5 MISS HARDCASTLE. I am proud of your approbation; and to show I merit it, if you place yourselves as I directed, you shall hear his explicit declaration. But he comes.

SIR CHARLES. I'll to your father, and keep him to the appointment. [*Exit* SIR CHARLES]

Enter MARLOW

10 MARLOW. Though prepared for setting out, I come once more to take leave; nor did I, till this moment, know the pain I feel in the separation.

MISS HARDCASTLE. [*In her own natural manner*] I believe these sufferings cannot be very great, sir, which you can so
15 easily remove. A day or two longer, perhaps, might lessen your uneasiness, by showing the little value of what you now think proper to regret.

MARLOW. [*Aside*] This girl every moment improves upon me. [*To her*] It must not be, madam; I have already trifled
20 too long with my heart. My very pride begins to submit to my passion. The disparity of education and fortune, the anger of a parent, and the contempt of my equals begin to lose their weight; and nothing can restore me to myself but this painful effort of resolution.

25 MISS HARDCASTLE. Then go, sir; I'll urge nothing more to detain you. Though my family be as good as hers you came down to visit, and my education, I hope, not inferior, what are these advantages without equal affluence? I must remain

contented with the slight approbation of imputed merit; I must have only the mockery of your addresses, while all your serious aims are fixed on fortune.

Enter **HARDCASTLE** and **SIR CHARLES MARLOW**, *from behind*

SIR CHARLES. Here, behind this screen.

HARDCASTLE. Ay, ay; make no noise. I'll engage my Kate 5
covers him with confusion at last.

MARLOW. By heavens, madam, fortune was ever my smallest consideration. Your beauty at first caught my eye; for who could see that without emotion? But every moment that I converse with you, steals in some new grace, heightens the 10
picture, and gives it stronger expression. What at first seemed rustic plainness, now appears refined simplicity. What seemed forward assurance, now strikes me as the result of courageous innocence and conscious virtue.

SIR CHARLES. What can it mean? He amazes me! 15

HARDCASTLE. I told you how it would be. Hush!

MARLOW. I am now determined to stay, madam, and I have too good an opinion of my father's discernment, when he sees you, to doubt his approbation.

MISS HARDCASTLE. No, Mr. Marlow, I will not, cannot 20
detain you. Do you think I could suffer a connection in which there is the smallest room for repentance? Do you think I would take the mean advantage of a transient passion to load you with confusion? Do you think I could ever relish that happiness which was acquired by lessening yours? 25

MARLOW. By all that's good, I can have no happiness but what's in your power to grant me! Nor shall I ever feel repentance but in not having seen your merits before. I will stay, even contrary to your wishes; and though you should persist to shun me, I will make my respectful assiduities atone 30
for the levity of my past conduct.

MISS HARDCASTLE. Sir, I must entreat you'll desist. As our acquaintance began, so let it end, in indifference. I might have given an hour or two to levity; but seriously, Mr. Marlow, do you think I could ever submit to a connection where I must
5 appear mercenary, and you imprudent? Do you think I could ever catch at the confident addresses of a secure admirer?

MARLOW. [*Kneeling*] Does this look like security? Does this look like confidence? No, madam, every moment that shows me your merit only serves to increase my diffidence and
10 confusion. Here let me continue —

SIR CHARLES. I can hold it no longer. Charles, Charles, how hast thou deceived me! Is this your indifference, your uninteresting conversation?

HARDCASTLE. Your cold contempt! your formal interview!
15 What have you to say now?

MARLOW. That I'm all amazement! What can it mean?

HARDCASTLE. It means that you can say and unsay things at pleasure; that you can address a lady in private, and deny it in public; that you have one story for us, and another for
20 my daughter.

MARLOW. Daughter! — this lady your daughter?

HARDCASTLE. Yes, sir, my only daughter — my Kate; whose else should she be?

MARLOW. Oh, the devil!

25 MISS HARDCASTLE. Yes, sir, that very identical tall, squinting lady you were pleased to take me for (*curtsying*); she that you addressed as the mild, modest, sentimental man of gravity, and the bold, forward, agreeable Rattle of the Ladies' Club. Ha! ha! ha!

30 MARLOW. Zounds, there's no bearing this; it's worse than death!

MISS HARDCASTLE. In which of your characters, sir, will you give us leave to address you? As the faltering gentleman,



Marlow—"Does this look like security?"

with looks on the ground, that speaks just to be heard, and hates hypocrisy; or the loud, confident creature, that keeps it up with Mrs. Mantrap, and old Miss Biddy Buckskin, till three in the morning? Ha! ha! ha!

MARLOW. Oh, curse on my noisy head! I never attempted 5
to be impudent yet that I was not taken down. I must be gone.

HARDCASTLE. By the hand of my body, but you shall not. I see it was all a mistake, and I am rejoiced to find it. You shall not, sir, I tell you. I know she'll forgive you. Won't you 10
forgive him, Kate? We'll all forgive you. Take courage, man.

[*They retire, she tormenting him, to the back scene*]

Enter MRS. HARDCASTLE and TONY

MRS. HARDCASTLE. So, so, they're gone off. Let them go, I care not.

HARDCASTLE. Who gone?

MRS. HARDCASTLE. My dutiful niece and her gentleman, 15
Mr. Hastings, from town. He who came down with our modest visitor here.

SIR CHARLES. Who, my honest George Hastings? As worthy a fellow as lives, and the girl could not have made a more prudent choice. 20

HARDCASTLE. Then, by the hand of my body, I'm proud of the connection.

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Well, if he has taken away the lady, he has not taken her fortune; that remains in this family to console us for her loss. 25

HARDCASTLE. Sure, Dorothy, you would not be so mercenary?

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Ay, that's my affair, not yours.

HARDCASTLE. But you know if your son, when of age, refuses to marry his cousin, her whole fortune is then at her own disposal. 30

MRS. HARDCASTLE. Ay, but he's not of age, and she has not thought proper to wait for his refusal.

Enter HASTINGS and MISS NEVILLE

MRS. HARDCASTLE. [*Aside*] What, returned so soon? I begin not to like it.

5 HASTINGS. [*To HARDCASTLE*] For my late attempt to fly off with your niece, let my present confusion be my punishment. We are now come back, to appeal from your justice to your humanity. By her father's consent I first paid her my addresses, and our passions were first founded in duty.

10 MISS NEVILLE. Since his death, I have been obliged to stoop to dissimulation to avoid oppression. In an hour of levity, I was ready even to give up my fortune to secure my choice. But I am now recovered from the delusion, and hope from your tenderness what is denied me from a nearer connection.

15 MRS. HARDCASTLE. Pshaw! pshaw; this is all but the whining end of a modern novel.

HARDCASTLE. Be it what it will, I'm glad they're come back to reclaim their due. Come hither, Tony, boy. Do you refuse this lady's hand, whom I now offer you?

20 TONY. What signifies my refusing? You know I can't refuse her till I'm of age, father.

HARDCASTLE. While I thought concealing your age, boy, was likely to conduce to your improvement, I concurred with your mother's desire to keep it secret. But since I find she
25 turns it to a wrong use, I must now declare you have been of age this three months.

TONY. Of age! Am I of age, father?

HARDCASTLE. Above three months.

TONY. Then you'll see the first use I'll make of my liberty.
30 [*Taking MISS NEVILLE'S hand*] Witness all men, by these presents, that I, Anthony Lumpkin, Esquire, of BLANK place,

refuse you, Constantia Neville, spinster, of no place at all, for my true and lawful wife. So Constance Neville may marry whom she pleases, and Tony Lumpkin is his own man again!

SIR CHARLES. Oh, brave Squire!

HASTINGS. My worthy friend!

5

MRS. HARDCASTLE. My undutiful offspring.

MARLOW. Joy, my dear George, I give you joy sincerely! And could I prevail upon my little tyrant here to be less arbitrary, I should be the happiest man alive, if you would return me the favor.

10

HASTINGS. [*To MISS HARDCASTLE*] Come, madam, you are now driven to the very last scene of all your contrivances. I know you like him, I'm sure he loves you, and you must and shall have him.

HARDCASTLE. [*Joining their hands*] And I say so, too. And, 15 Mr. Marlow, if she makes as good a wife as she has a daughter, I don't believe you'll ever repent your bargain. So now to supper. To-morrow we shall gather all the poor of the parish about us, and the Mistakes of the Night shall be crowned with a merry morning. So, boy, take her; and as you have been 20 mistaken in the mistress, my wish is, that you may never be mistaken in the wife.

[*Exeunt OMNES*]

EPILOGUE

BY DR. GOLDSMITH

SPOKEN BY MRS. BULKLEY IN THE CHARACTER OF
MISS HARDCASTLE

Well, having stooped to conquer with success,
And gained a husband without aid from dress,
Still, as a barmaid, I could wish it too,
As I have conquered him to conquer you :
5 And let me say, for all your resolution,
That pretty barmaids have done execution.
Our life is all a play, composed to please ;
“ We have our exits and our entrances.”
The first act shows the simple country maid,
10 Harmless and young, of everything afraid ;
Blushes when hired, and with unmeaning action,
“ I hopes as how to give you satisfaction.”
Her second act displays a livelier scene, —
Th’ unblushing barmaid of a country inn,
15 Who whisks about the house, at market caters,
Talks loud, coquettes the guests, and scolds the waiters.
Next the scene shifts to town, and there she soars,
The chophouse toast of ogling connoisseurs.
On Squires and Cits she there displays her arts,
20 And on the gridiron broils her lovers’ hearts ;
And, as she smiles, her triumphs to complete,
E’en common councilmen forget to eat.
The fourth act shows her wedded to the Squire,
And Madam now begins to hold it higher ;

Pretends to taste, at Operas cries *caro* !
And quits her *Nancy Dawson* for *Che Faro* :
Dotes upon dancing, and in all her pride,
Swims round the room, the Heinel of Cheapside ;
Ogles and leers, with artificial skill, 5
Till, having lost in age the power to kill,
She sits all night at cards, and ogles at spadille.
Such, through our lives, th' eventful history !
The fifth and last act still remains for me :
The barmaid now for your protection prays, 10
Turns female barrister, and pleads for Bayes.

EPILOGUE

TO BE SPOKEN IN THE CHARACTER OF TONY LUMPKIN

BY J. CRADOCK, ESQ.

Well, now all 's ended, and my comrades gone,
Pray what becomes of *mother's nonly son*?
A hopeful blade! — in town I'll fix my station,
And try to make a bluster in the nation.
5 As for my cousin Neville, I renounce her,
Off, in a crack, I'll carry big Bet Bouncer.
 Why should not I in the great world appear?
I soon shall have a thousand pounds a year;
No matter what a man may here inherit,
10 In London — gad, they've some regard to spirit.
I see the horses prancing up the streets,
And big Bet Bouncer bobs to all she meets;
Then hoiks to jigs and pastimes every night —
Not to the plays — they say it ain't polite:
15 To Sadler's Wells, perhaps, or operas go,
And once, by chance, to the roratorio.
Thus, here and there, forever up and down,
We'll set the fashions, too, to half the town;
And then at auctions — money ne'er regard —
20 Buy pictures, like the great, ten pounds a yard:
Zounds! we shall make these London gentry say,
We know what's damned genteel as well as they!

QUESTIONS AND TOPICS FOR STUDY

1. How is the story of the play related to the anecdote from Goldsmith's boyhood? (See Introduction, p. viii.)
2. How much of the play is taken up with explaining the relations of the characters to each other and the general situation?
3. With what incident does the action of the play begin?
4. In Act II, why does Goldsmith show us Mr. Hardcastle training his servants?
5. What words and actions show that Marlow and Hastings take Mr. Hardcastle for an innkeeper?
6. Does Mr. Hardcastle use any words or act in a way which would confirm them in this mistake?
7. Does it help the plot for Marlow to insist on seeing his bed and for Mr. Hardcastle to accompany him?
8. What kind of hat do you suppose Miss Hardcastle wears? Does Marlow study her closely? How does their interview help the plot?
9. Why does Tony dislike the marriage his mother has arranged for him? Why does his mother insist on the union? How does Miss Neville keep Mrs. Hardcastle deceived?
10. In Act III, has Miss Hardcastle's change of dress any bearing on the plot? Where has this custom of hers been mentioned before?
11. The conversation between Mr. Hardcastle and his daughter indicates that the plot will turn out in what way?
12. What is Hastings's plan for marrying Miss Neville? How do the jewels complicate his plan?
13. How does Miss Hardcastle happen to adopt her ruse? Why doesn't Marlow recognize her? Is Mr. Hardcastle made to alter his decision?
14. In Act IV, how do the jewels further complicate Hastings's plans?

15. How does Marlow further confirm Mr. Hardcastle in his purpose? Miss Hardcastle in hers?

16. How does the letter help or hinder Hastings?

17. What plan does Tony purpose to carry out? What plan is Mrs. Hardcastle trying to execute?

18. What causes the sudden change in Mr. Hardcastle?

19. Why does Marlow at first refuse the offer of marriage? Why does he finally accept?

20. Is it natural for Mrs. Hardcastle to think that her garden is Crackskull Common and for her to take her husband for a highwayman?

21. Why do not Hastings and Miss Neville escape?

22. What discovery settles their difficulties? How? Why has n't the fact been mentioned earlier?

23. Is there any scene which may be called the turning point or climax of the action?

24. Does the play end naturally, or does Goldsmith *make* events turn out to suit him?

25. Are there any surprises in the play, or does Goldsmith prepare us for all events?

26. Can you divide the plot up into separate stories, as the first act of the "Merchant of Venice" is divided on the following page? Draw up such a summary for the whole play.

27. How are the stories bound together?

28. What are the most humorous scenes in the play? Which is the most laughable of all? Have they a close connection with the plot?

29. Select the scene that you think the most important or the most amusing, and present it, choosing a cast from the class with the help of the teacher. It will be more interesting if two or three rival scenes are thus presented for a board of judges to decide among.

30. Is there any inconsistency between Marlow's stammering modesty with Miss Hardcastle and his easy familiarity with the supposed barmaid? What seems to be his chief trait of character? Do you think he has any traits of Goldsmith?

31. Where does Mr. Hardcastle show his jovial nature? Where is he robust in sentiment?

	BOND STORY	CASKETS STORY
I, i	Bassanio comes to his friend Antonio, a wealthy merchant of Venice, to borrow money to pay court to Portia, a rich heiress of Belmont. Antonio, not having the money on hand, sends him to borrow it in his name.	
I, ii		Portia, a wealthy heiress of Belmont, discusses with her maid Nerissa the terms of her father's will, by which she is to marry the suitor who chooses the right casket of three. She very wittily satirizes the suitors in attendance, but remembers Bassanio well.
I, iii	Bassanio broaches to Shylock, a wealthy Jewish money-lender, his wish to borrow 3000 ducats on Antonio's bond. When Antonio arrives, Shylock agrees to furnish him the money for three months, but Antonio is to forfeit a pound of his flesh if the money is not paid on the day set.	

32. It has been said that Tony is stupid and cunning, impudent yet sheepish, with both a loutish love of low company and a young-squire sense of his "fortin." Can you find passages where these traits are exhibited?

33. Do you think that Tony could have composed the song in Act I? Is it inconsistent with his reading of the letter in Act IV? Where does Tony show generous traits?

34. Do you find much difference between Miss Hardcastle and Miss Neville? Are they anywhere sentimental?

35. Does Miss Hardcastle show wit, or resourcefulness, or "traits of mischievous girlhood"?

36. In what ways is Mrs. Hardcastle ridiculous?

37. To what ranks in life do the characters belong? Do they ever indulge in moralizing?

38. If you were going to act in the play, which character should you prefer to assume? Which character do you think would provoke the greatest applause in the theater? Which would be the most beloved? Which do you think is the most natural and true to life?

39. How do the characters differ from those in the "Merchant of Venice" or other plays you are familiar with?

40. Does Goldsmith anywhere indulge in a sarcastic criticism of people or customs? Do his characters?

41. "Whether it be enjoyment or mischief going on in one of Goldsmith's comedies, the predominant impression is hearty, jovial, and sincere." Prove or disprove this assertion as it applies to "She Stoops to Conquer."

42. Dr. Johnson said that the play bordered on farce. Give reasons why you agree or disagree.

43. One of Goldsmith's biographers declares: "The scene in which the old squire lectures his faithful attendants on their manners and duties is one of the truest bits of comedy on the English stage." Can you point out any parts that are particularly laughable?

44. Horace Walpole wrote as follows of the play: "Dr. Goldsmith has written a comedy — no, it is the lowest of all farces; it is not the subject I condemn, though very vulgar, but the execution. The drift tends to no moral, no edification of any kind; the situations, however, are well imagined, and make one laugh in spite of the grossness of the dialogue, the forced witticisms, and the total improbability of the whole plan and conduct. But what disgusts me most is that, though the characters are very low, and aim at low humour, not one of them says a sentence that is natural, or marks any character at all." What truth is there in this criticism? By reference to the Introduction, pp. xiv-xvi, explain why it was made.

45. How does the bill of fare in Act II differ from that of a dinner to-day?

46. Look in Traill's "Social England" or in an illustrated edition of the play for cuts of the costumes worn at the time. How does the dress of the men and women differ from our dress to-day?

47. Do you note any customs that differ from ours?

48. Do you note any ways of thinking of other people or of life that are different from ours?

49. Look carefully through the notes. What passages or features of the play do you judge were introduced for contemporary effect?

50. Can you explain why the play has continued popular to this day?

NOTES

(The heavy-faced figures refer to pages and the plain figures to lines)

1 To understand this dedication, read the Introduction, pp. xi-xvi. Why is it considered a model of its kind?

2 **Garrick**: actor and manager. He was notably versatile, his prologues being very numerous. No new play in that day could be produced without its prologue.

2 **Woodward**: one of the best comedians of the eighteenth century. He refused to act Tony Lumpkin, but he spoke the prologue admirably. To do so required much skill.

23 **'T is not alone**: look up "Hamlet," Act I, Sc. 2, l. 77: "'T is not alone my inky cloak, good mother."

212 **Shuter**: the actor who played the part of Hardcastle. He is called just below "Poor Ned." Garrick considered him the greatest comic genius he had ever seen.

213-36 The references to sentimental comedy will be cleared up by reading the Introduction, pp. xiv-xvi.

321 **The college you**: evidently the audience is to stand in place of the College of Physicians.

511 **basket**: a large wicker structure, at the rear of the old-fashioned coaches, for luggage and occasionally for passengers. Those lumbering vehicles were considered "flying machines" in their day. For praise of their speed, read De Quincey's famous essay on "The English Mail-Coach."

66-7 **Darby . . . Joan**: noted traditionally for their long and happy married life. They were types of contentment.

628 **my wig**: this trick was played on Goldsmith himself by Lord Clare's daughter. Read of it in Forster's "Life," Book IV, chapter xv.

1020 **Am I in face to-day?** Am I looking my best to-day?

1211 **Song**: Goldsmith himself used to sing this at the Club.

1220 **Methodist preachers**: Goldsmith, the son of a vicar of the Church of England, shared the common prejudice against the followers of Wesley and Whitefield. The sect was then little over forty years old.

13 13 *low*: to understand this satire, read the Introduction, pp. xiv-xvi. The exaggeration is delightful. What kind of character upholds these "sentimental" notions?

13 22 *Water Parted*: this song occurs in the third act of Arne's opera "Artaxerxes."

13 23 *Minuet*: a stately dance for two persons. A minuet opens Handel's opera "Ariadne."

14 12 *woundily*: exceedingly, tremendously.

14 21 *grumbletonian*: applied to the Country Party as opposed to the Court Party.

15 16 *We wanted no ghost*: look up "Hamlet," Act I, Sc. 5, l. 125: "There needs no ghost, my lord, come from the grave To tell us this."

16 24-25 *find out the longitude*: after more than fifty years of trial the reward of twenty thousand pounds had recently been won by John Harrison for an explanation of how to determine longitude.

19 29 *Wauns*: this word, like "zounds," is a corruption of "by God's wounds."

22 31 *Duchesses of Drury Lane*: women of flashy dress who try to pass themselves off for persons of rank. Read the chapter in "The Vicar of Wakefield" where Carolina Wilhelmina Amelia Skeggs appears.

23 25 *Denain*: a town in the northeast of France, chiefly famous for the defeat of the allied troops by the French under Villars in 1712. About a year before the play was produced, Goldsmith took dinner at the home of General Oglethorpe, who was then seventy-four and who told many tales of his services with Prince Eugene. This fact may have influenced Goldsmith to add this trait to Hardcastle. Marlborough was not at the battle.

24 19 *cup*: wine sweetened and flavored and usually iced.

25 6 "for us that sell ale": probably "us that give ale for votes." How does Marlow take it?

25 12-13 *Hyder Ally, or Ally Cawn*: probably a humorous reference by Hardcastle to Hyder Ali Khan (1717-1782), the Maharajah of Mysore in India, who defeated the English in 1767.

25 13 *Ally Croaker*: a popular Irish song.

25 20 *Westminster Hall*: the hall where, until 1882, all the arguments in the law courts were held.

25 32 *Belgrade*: taken by Prince Eugene in 1717. General Oglethorpe told about the battle at the dinner mentioned above. He poured

a little wine on the table and traced all the movements with his wet finger.

27 26 Florentine: a baked pudding of minced meats, currants, spices, etc. — shaking pudding: a jelly.

27 27 taffety cream: a dish named from its glossy appearance, like taffeta silk. You note that Marlow stammers.

27 28 made dishes: dishes composed of several ingredients.

29 16 the laws of marriage are respected: on the first night this was taken to refer to the Duke of Gloucester, who sat in one of the boxes and who received an ovation at this point in the play. After the Duke had married Lady Waldegrave, George III had a law passed in 1772 requiring all royal marriages to be contracted only with his consent.

32 31 a man of sentiment: another reference to sentimental comedy.

34 19 sober, sentimental interview: read the Introduction, pp. xiv-xvi.

35 11 Ranelagh was a fashionable resort consisting of gardens and an amphitheater built on the site of the villa of Viscount Ranelagh at Chelsea; St. James's was a fashionable park in an aristocratic section of London. Tower Wharf, on the other hand, was in a vulgar section, near the famous prison, the Tower of London. Hastings must have enjoyed this playing upon the vain lady's ignorance.

35 16 the Pantheon had just been opened in Oxford Street as a rival resort of Ranelagh. Shortly after the play Horace Walpole wrote: "The Pantheon is still the most beautiful edifice in England." The Grotto Gardens were in the Borough of Southwark, south of the Thames, a region far from aristocratic. Mrs. Hardcastle's vanity and ignorance are really more laughable than Hastings's intentional mingling of high and low.

35 19 *Scandalous Magazine*: probably the *Town and Country Magazine*, which published very personal and satirical notes in its tête-à-têtes.

35 25 *Ladies' Memorandum-book*: there was a *Ladies' Complete Pocket Book* for 1761 which "was adorned with a frontispiece of a lady dressed in the present fashion."

35 29 inoculation: this predecessor of vaccination was introduced in 1721, but its use spread very slowly. Vaccination was not begun until 1798.

38 23 cry over a book: sentimental novels were in high favor at this time, as were sentimental plays. Where is there another reference to them?

42 21 Bully Dawson : a notorious ruffian of the seventeenth century, mentioned in the *Spectator*, No. 2, where we learn that Sir Roger de Coverley "kicked Bully Dawson in a coffee house for calling him youngster."

45 28-29 rose and table-cut things : "rose-cut" referred to a round surface as opposed to one with many facets; "table-cut" designated a flat upper surface with facets only on the side. Are precious stones to-day cut in these styles?

49 30 Attend the Lion : rooms in inns in those days were named, not numbered.

50 3 the gallery : in the old inns the galleries ran around a central yard. The rooms opened on the galleries. Where do we learn that the house looked "for all the world like an inn"?

51 29 obstropolous : a corruption of "obstreperous." Why do you suppose Miss Hardcastle employs it?

52 9-10 Ladies' Club : an allusion to the Albemarle Street Club, founded by Miss Rachel Lloyd. In the stage version Goldsmith referred to her as Miss *Rachel* Bucksin. He changed the name to Biddy in the printed edition.

59 7 liberty and Fleet Street : an echo of the then popular cry of "Wilkes and Liberty." How did it arise?

60 16 Rake's Progress : the title to a famous series of Hogarth's engravings in 1735. They told a story by a succession of pictures, in which the same characters reappear often.

61 23 The Dullissimo-Macaroni : a very early form of cartoon. The shops displayed caricatures of prominent personages as the Southward Macaroni, the Martial Macaroni,— "macaroni" being a name for dandies distinguished for their foreign styles.

63 15 Whistle Jacket : a race horse so famous that he was painted by Stubbs, a member of the Royal Academy.

64 13 haspicholls : a corruption of "harpsichord."

65 32 Shake-bag club : a shake-bag was a large fighting cock.

75 19 circumbendibus : a roundabout course.

75 23 She thinks herself forty miles off : a trick like this was played by Sheridan on Madame de Genlis in 1792.

86 The epilogue was almost as necessary to a play as the prologue. Goldsmith had no end of trouble with the matter. He at first thought of having Miss Catley sing one, but Mrs. Bulkley, who was in the caste, playing the part of Miss Hardcastle, threatened to give up her part.

Goldsmith tried to reconcile them by writing one in dialogue. It also failed to please. One written for Mrs. Bulkley alone was rejected by Colman. At last this one was accepted.

87 2 *Nancy Dawson*: according to Austin Dobson, a song named for a famous hornpipe dancer who died in 1767. — *Che farò*: the beautiful air in Glück's opera, "Orfeo ed Euridice," beginning "Che farò senza Euridice."

87 4 *Heinel*: Mademoiselle Heinel came to London in December, 1771, and became the sensation of the season as a dancer.

87 11 *Bayes*: this name refers to the poet and indirectly to a character in a famous satire called "The Rehearsal," ridiculing the poet and dramatist Dryden.



The Two Babylons Alexander Hislop

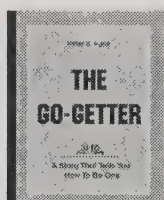
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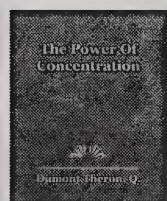
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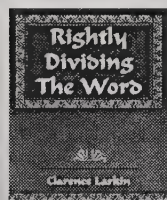
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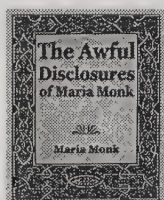
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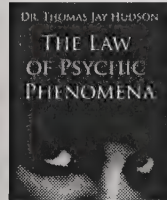
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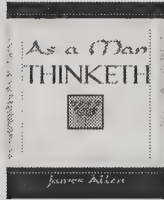
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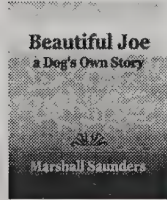
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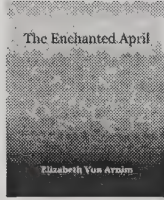
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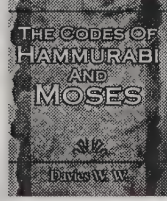
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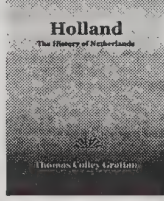
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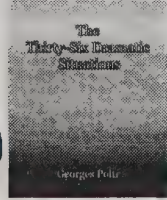
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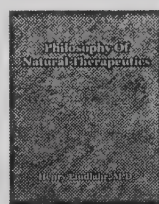


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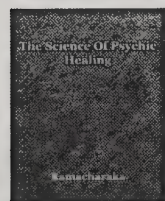


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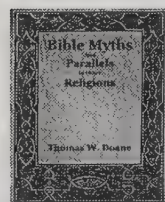
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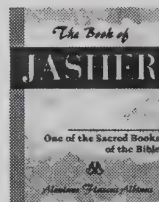
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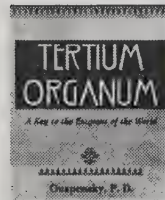
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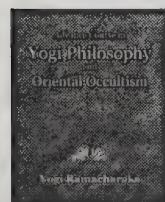
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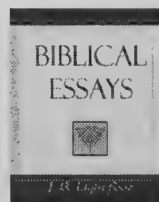
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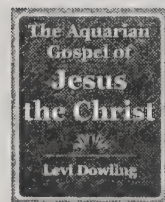
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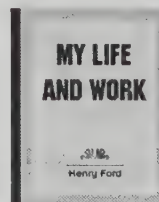
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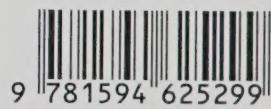
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